

Altair Safety Report Manager

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Altair Safety Report Manager

The Altair Safety Report Manager (aka ASRM) is a fully customizable automatic report generation utility for crash & safety regulations. It allows users to create a First Sight Report PPT for the selected impact type & regulation. The PPT report which consists of plots & animations that are generated based on various inputs entered by the user.

A standard report is delivered for each mode with the following info and contents.

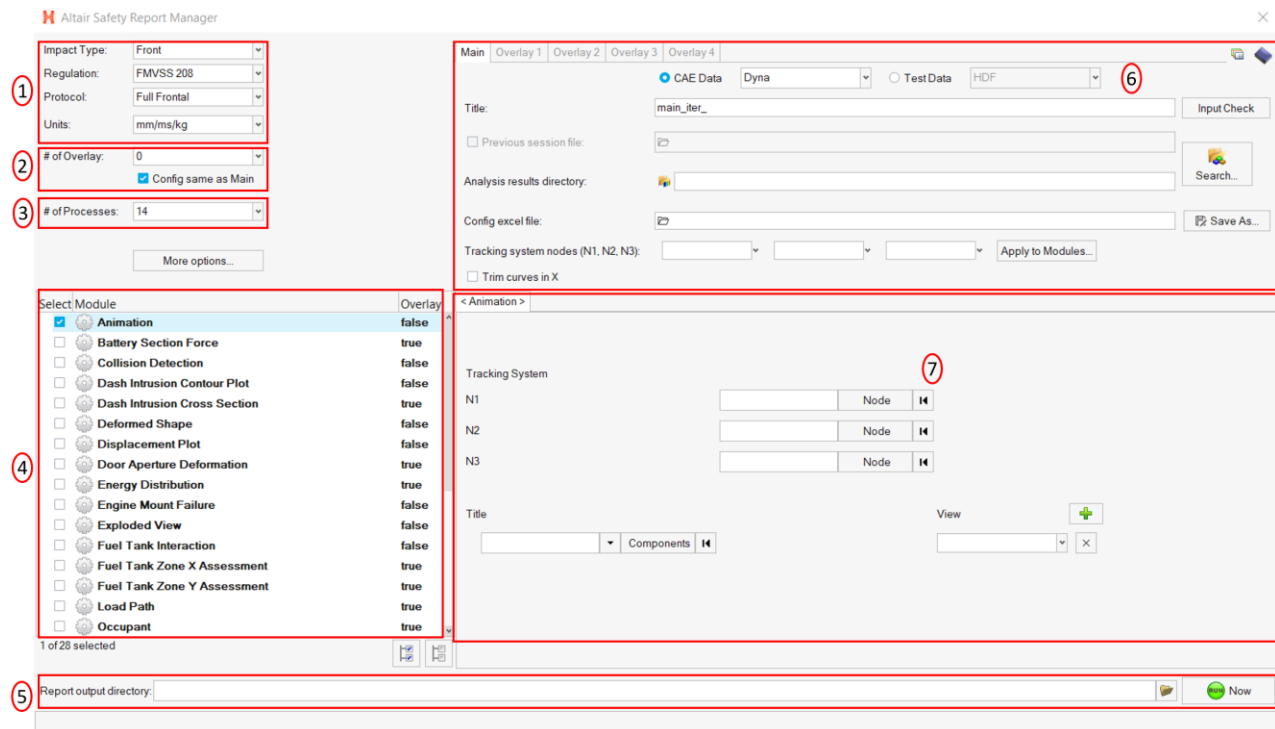
- Model information
- Run quality statistics
- Occupant requirements
- Structure requirements
- Structure overview
- User defined plots

In addition, HyperView template & session files are created at the end of report generation which contains all plots/animations for closer analysis. It has the capability to overlay plots from different iterations. It is also possible to overlay plots with test data in HyperView.

The ASRM utility can also be run on HPC after job completion.

ASRM GUI Overview

Below is a snapshot of the ASRM GUI. To understand the ASRM workflow better, the GUI is divided into various sections as highlighted & numbered in the below picture. The main functionality of all the sections is briefly described below.



Impact Type & Units selection Section

In this section, user will be able to select the Impact Type, Regulation, and the Protocol for which he / she wants to generate the PPT report along with the source units used for running the simulation. Based on this selection the modules list (section #4) gets updated.

Impact Type:	Front
Regulation:	FMVSS 208
Protocol:	Full Frontal
Units:	mm/ms/kg

Overlay selection section

In this section user will be able to select the overlay option. Following scenarios are supported.

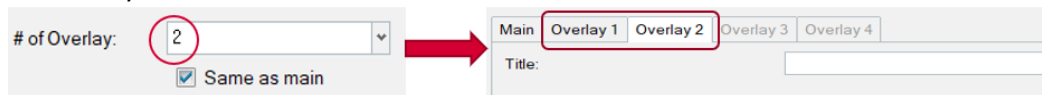
- When you want to generate report for a single run then you would set overlay option to 0. Therefore, overlay tabs (in section #6) is disabled.

# of Overlay:	0	Same as main
---------------	---	--------------

→

Main	Overlay 1	Overlay 2	Overlay 3	Overlay 4
Title:				

- When you want to run in overlay mode, then you must pick appropriate number of overlay runs. The overlay tabs get enabled based on the number selected. User can select up to 4 iterations for overlay.



Please note that only those modules which run in HyperGraph (that create curves / graphs) are supported for overlay mode. There is a specific overlay status column next to modules list that indicates the overlay support for each module.

No. of Processes selection & save session file section

This section allows user to enter the no. of processes to be used when executing the utility. ASRM has the capability to run the report generation in parallel based on the no. of processes selected.

It also saves TPL files and session files at the end of the report generation. Users can also choose to export curves (curves created from the respective plotting modules) into **Excel** format. Click on the **More options...** button to select these options.



Modules list

This section allows users to select the modules to be run for report generation. User must make sure to select the module that he / she wants to include in the report generation.

Output directory selection

In this section user will select the output directory path. This is where all the output files such as the session files, images, animations, PPT report & log files from the ASRM run will be created.

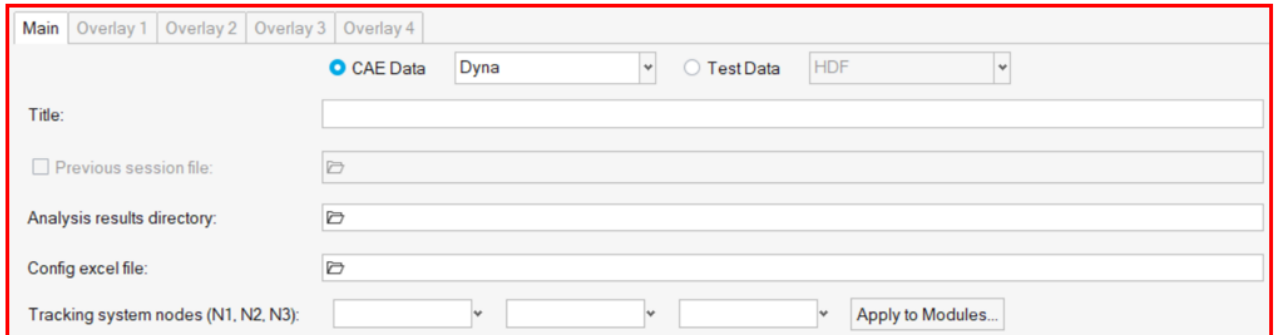
Main section

Input directory, data type & configuration section

In this section, user should select the following.

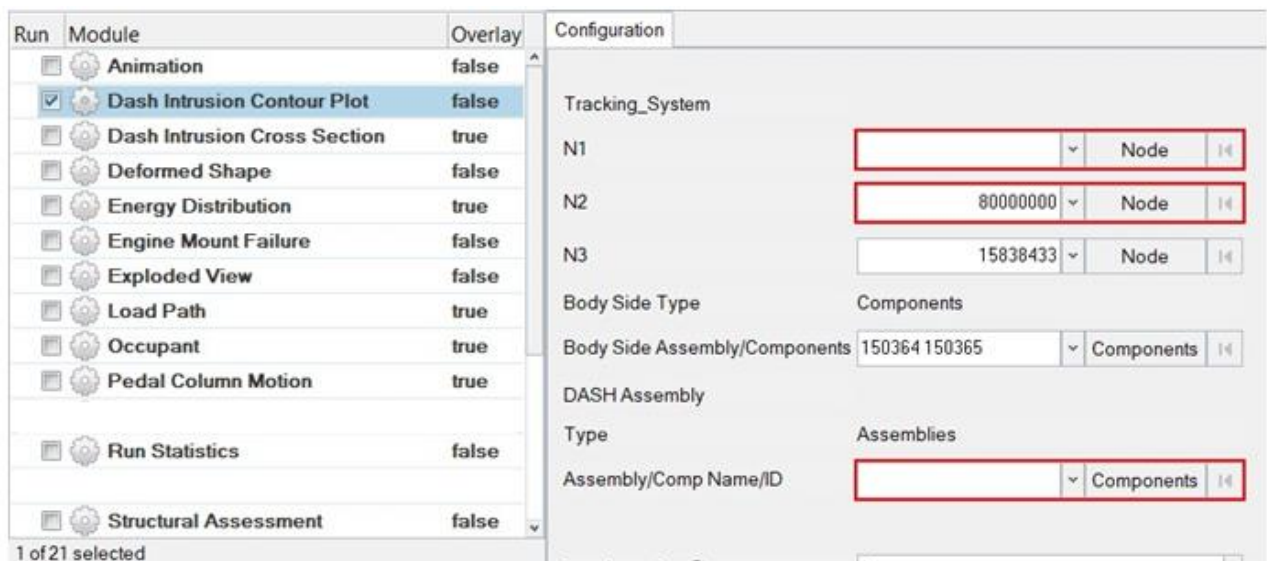
- Type of data being used for generating the report. It could be CAE simulation data or physical test data.
- Title for the report which will be used for creating results directory as well as prefix for curve names & summary tables
- Results directory path where the solver input file, results files such as animation & time history files or test data are located.
- Config file path (if it exists already)
- Define global tracking system using 3 nodes (requests from Time history file). This is an optional input. Once the global tracking system is defined, it can be easily applied to other modules

where tracking system is an input. Click on **Apply to Modules...** button, a selection dialog pops up, select the modules to apply the 3 nodes, and click **Apply&Close** button.



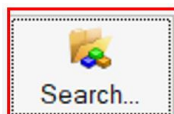
Input Validation check

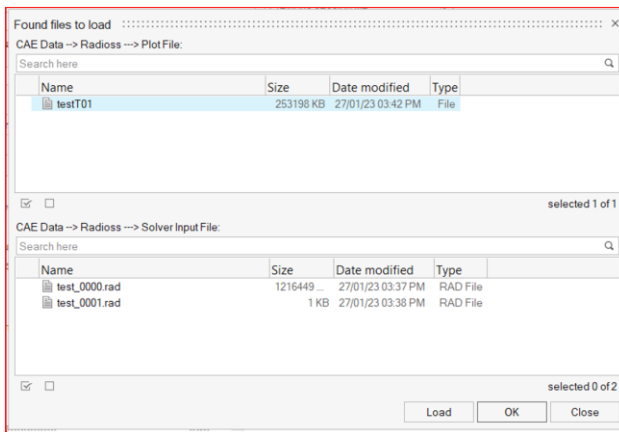
Input Check button would run a quick validation check to verify if the inputs defined for selected modules is valid. The verification is done on the results files available in the input directory specified. Any invalid inputs and missing input found from validation check will be highlighted in RED in the ASRM GUI as shown below.



Search function


Search button will let users to select and import the 2D time history file (CAE (T01 / binout) or physical test data (HDF / ISO MME)) as well as main solver input file into the current session. This is required for defining the inputs for all the modules. An additional dialog called **files to load** will be displayed to select the files as shown below.

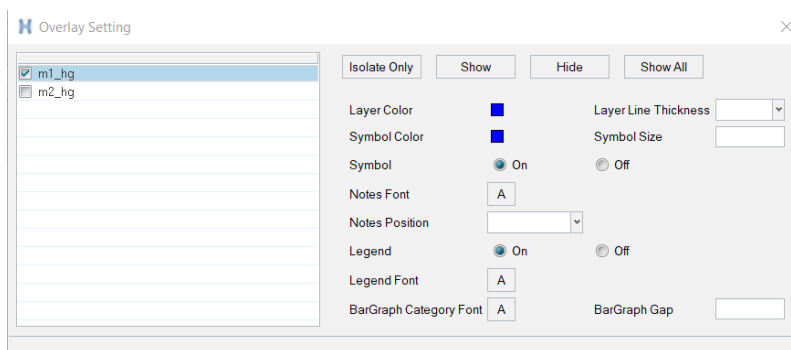





Change curve attributes & publish session

This section is mainly used for the overlay scenario.

The change curve attributes option  brings up an overlay setting dialog as shown below. This will allow to change various curve & note related attributes for the overlay session per layer basis.



After changing the curve & note related attributes using the overlay setting dialog, user can click on Publish session icon  which would publish a report for the overlay session.

Configuration section

This is the section wherein the inputs required for all the modules will be entered & displayed. For defining the inputs, firstly make sure to load both the 3D (solver input file) file as well as Time History file using the **Search** button. Then start defining the inputs for the modules.

FE entities such as nodes, components or assemblies can be selected from graphics screen from the loaded solver input file.

Tracking System

N1

N2

N3

Title

View

Inputs from the Time History files (subcases, requests & components) can be selected from the drop-down context dialog as shown below.

< Occupant >

Driver / Passenger

Dummy Model: 50th

Driver Restraint Type

Driver ID

Driver Injury Criteria	Subcase	Datatype	Request	Component	Filter
HEAD_ACC_X	abstat			H350TH_DUMMY1_HEAD_ACCELEROMETER_X 2000001	
HEAD_ACC_Y	abstat			H350TH_DUMMY1_HEAD_ACCELEROMETER_Y 2000002	
HEAD_ACC_Z	abstat			H350TH_DUMMY1_HEAD_ACCELEROMETER_Z 2000003	
HEAD_ACC_RES	abstat			H350TH_DUMMY1_CHEST_ACCELEROMETER_X 2000004	
NECK_UPPER_MOMENT_Y	abstat			H350TH_DUMMY1_CHEST_ACCELEROMETER_Y 2000005	
NECK_UPPER_FORCE_X	abstat			H350TH_DUMMY1_CHEST_ACCELEROMETER_Z 2000006	
NECK_UPPER_FORCE_Z	abstat			H350TH_DUMMY1_PELVIS_ACCELEROMETER_X 2000007	
CHEST_DEFLECTION	abstat			H350TH_DUMMY1_PELVIS_ACCELEROMETER_Y 2000008	
CHEST_ACC_X	abstat				
CHEST_ACC_Y	abstat				
CHEST_ACC_Z	abstat				

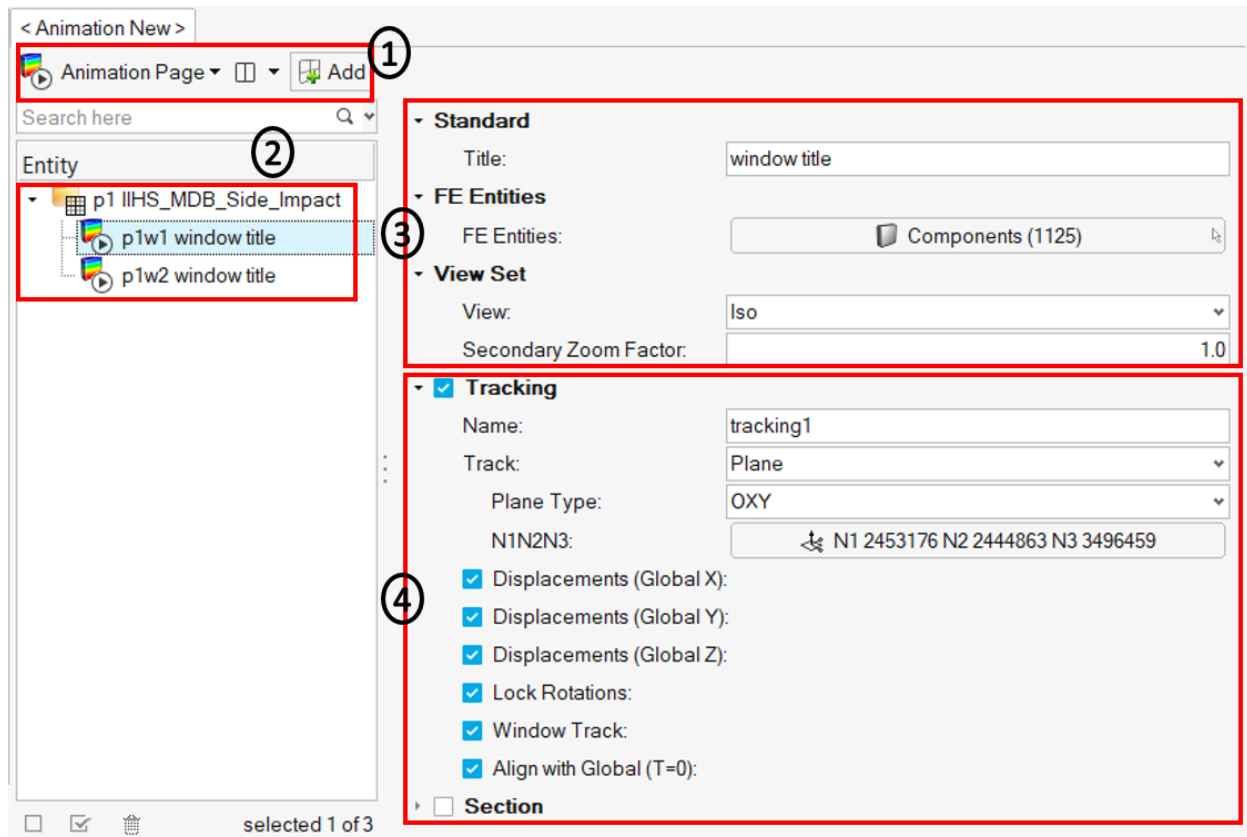
Modules

Following is the list of modules supported by ASRM utility for front impact type.

- Animation New
- Belt Forces
- BOM
- Collision Detection
- Contour Plot
- Deformed Shape
- Energy Dissipation
- Energy Distribution
- Floor Bolt Force
- Front Impact Description
- Front Seat Angle Assessment
- Front Seat Dynamic Assessment
- Load Path
- Loadcase Description
- Measure Plot
- Rear Impact Angular Change
- Rear Impact Description
- Recliner Moment
- Run Statistics
- Static Headrest Displacement
- Static Headrest Summary
- User Defined Output
- Weld Failure
- Whiplash Summary

Animation New

This module lets you capture animation of the selected parts (or assemblies) and offers flexibility in terms of page layout, view orientation, tracking and section cut. The GUI and the various inputs that are required to be defined are mentioned below.

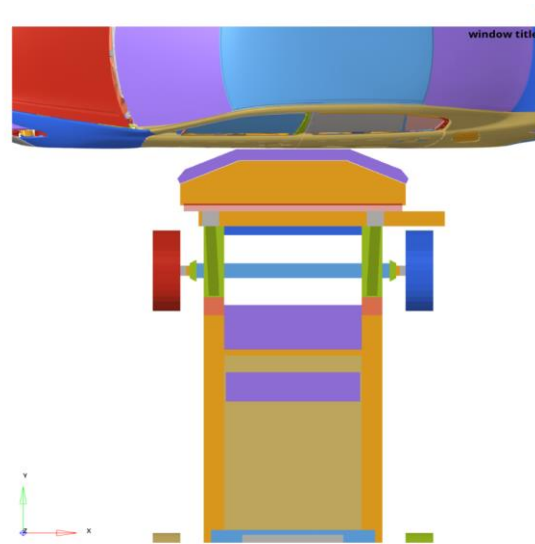
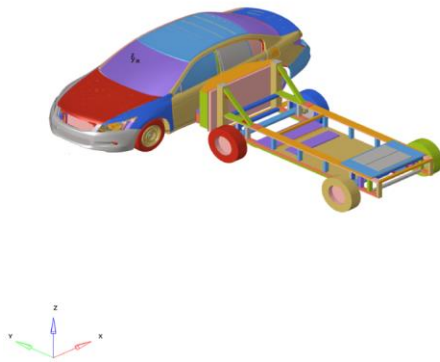


Inputs:

- 1) Use this input to select the page & window layout that will be captured and included in the report. 2 layouts are supported i.e. 1 x 1 and 1 x 2. Select the layout and click on **Add** button to add the page layout into the entity list browser.
- 2) The **Entity** list browser is used to list and manage the pages included by the user and their respective layouts.
- 3) Enter the **Title** used for the slide title in the report, select the **Components** to be used for the current page and the **View Set** to be used to orient the components.

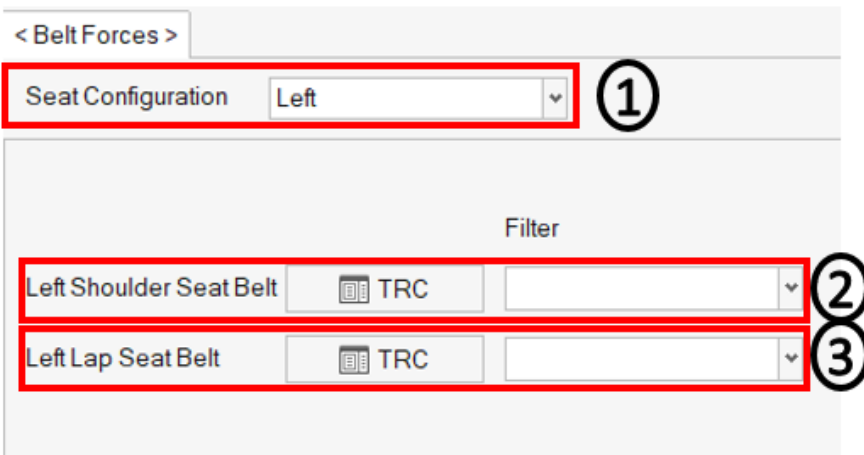
- 4) Define **Tracking system** & **Section cut** details along with its attributes to be applied while generating the report.

IIHS MDB Side Impact



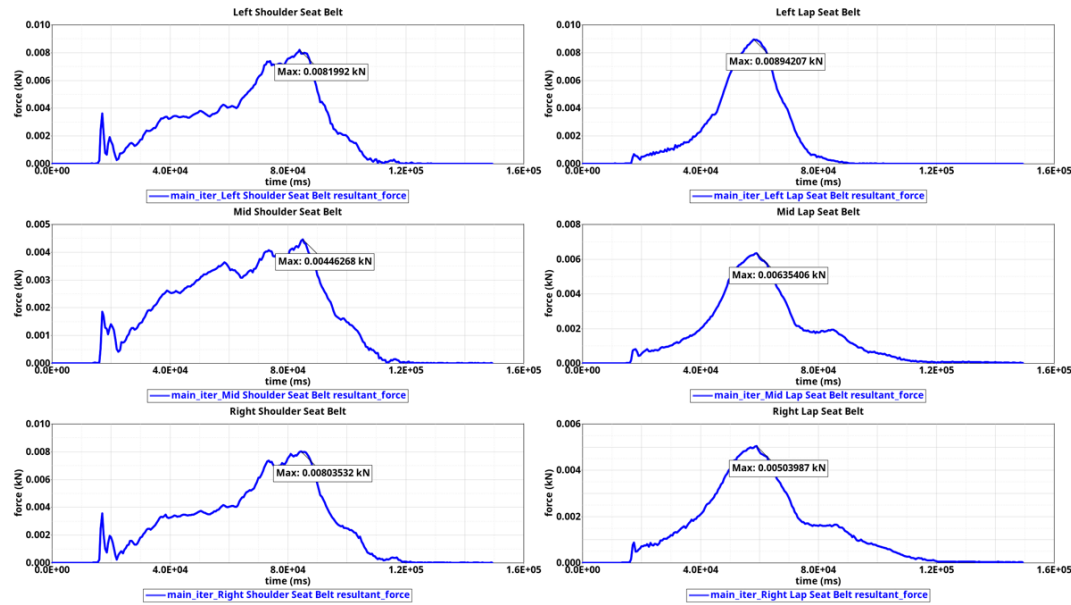
Belt Forces

This module is used to create shoulder and lap seat belt force plots for following seat configurations viz. Left, Right, Mid, 2 seats & 3 seats.



Inputs:

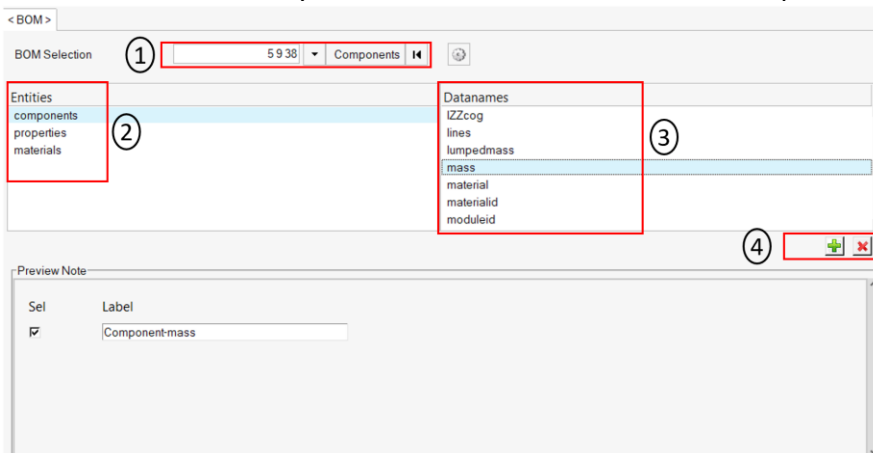
- 1) Select the seat configuration that you are interested in
- 2) Select the respective channel (type, request & component) for the shoulder force
- 3) Select the respective channel (type, request & component) for the lap force



Seat Belt Forces

BOM

BOM module is an advanced exploded view module. It has the capability to include data name attributes as annotations in the report. Users can pick from several data names (around 100) related to components, property, and material entity attributes. The selected BOM info can be easily attached as annotations to the components in the exploded view.

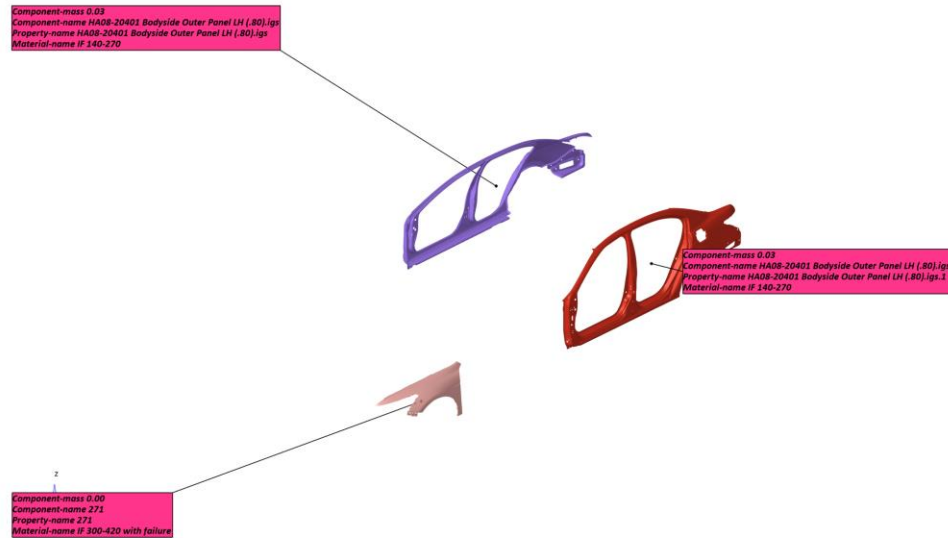


Inputs:

- 1) Select the assembly IDs or components IDs that should be included in the BOM report

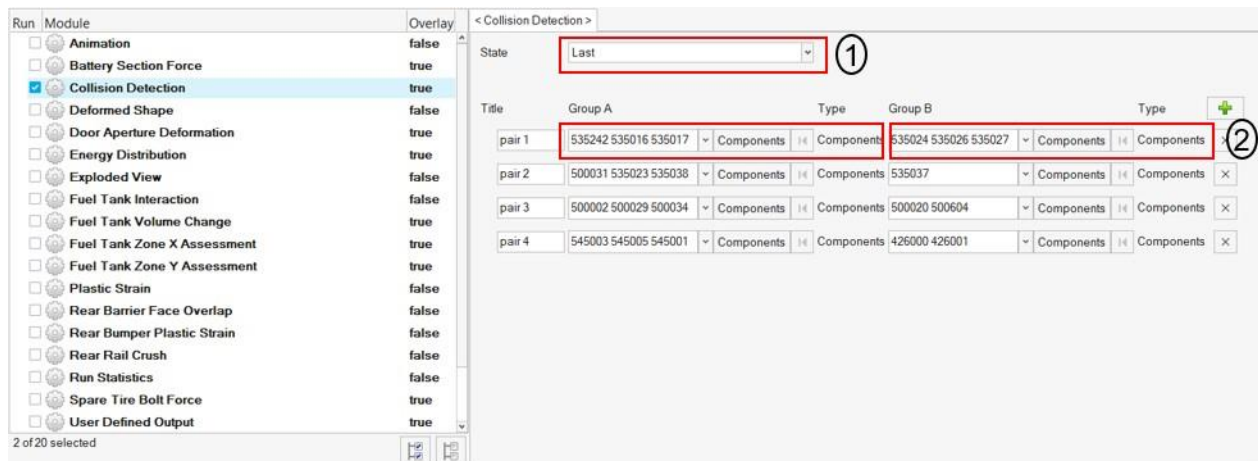
- 2) Select the entity type for which the data name attribute should be searched
- 3) Select the appropriate data names from the list
- 4) Click on + icon to add the selected attribute

Output report:



Collision Detection

Collision detection module is used to perform collision interference checking. This module lets users to define a collision set by selecting a pair or groups of components (parts) and then detect penetration between the two pairs. Users can define multiple collision sets. This capability allows users to quickly perform design reviews.



Inputs:

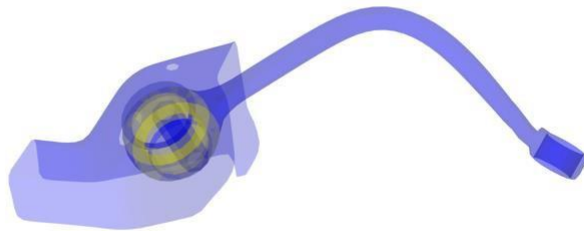
- 1) Select the time step state at which the collision detection is performed

- 2) Select the components (parts) for each of the two Groups A & B. This forms one collisionset. Likewise, users can define multiple collision sets

Output report:

pair 2

Collision Plot
 Collision
 Proximity
 Safe
 No Result

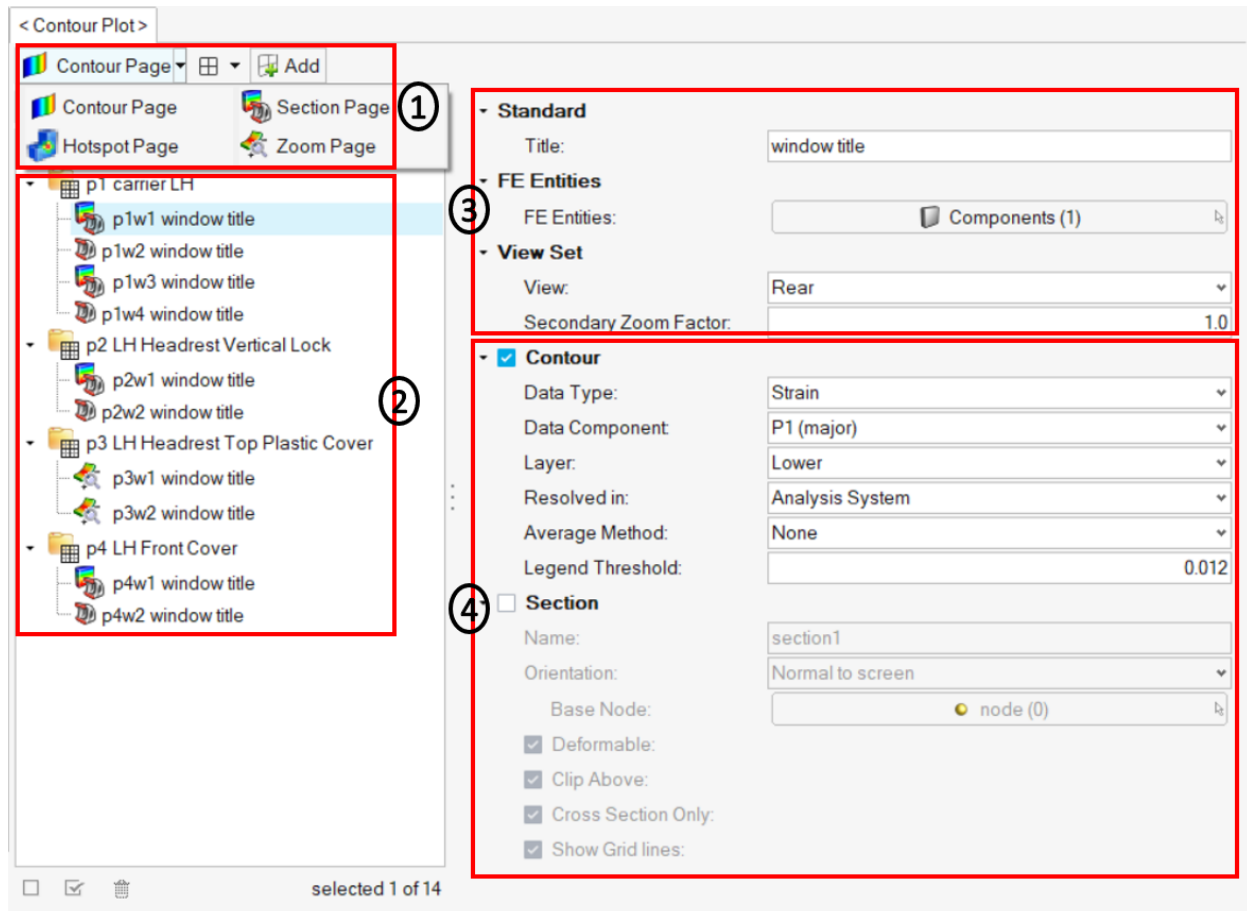


Contour Plot

This is a generic module that allows users to define 4 different types of pages and layouts (namely **Contour** page, **Section** page, **Hotspot** Page & **Zoom** page) and include them in the report. It has the following capability.

- Ability to generate reports with any scalar result datatype contour.
- Ability to find Hotspots & report them.
- Ability to draw section cuts.
- Ability to capture images with user specified zoom factor.

The GUI and the various inputs that are required to be defined are mentioned below.



Inputs:

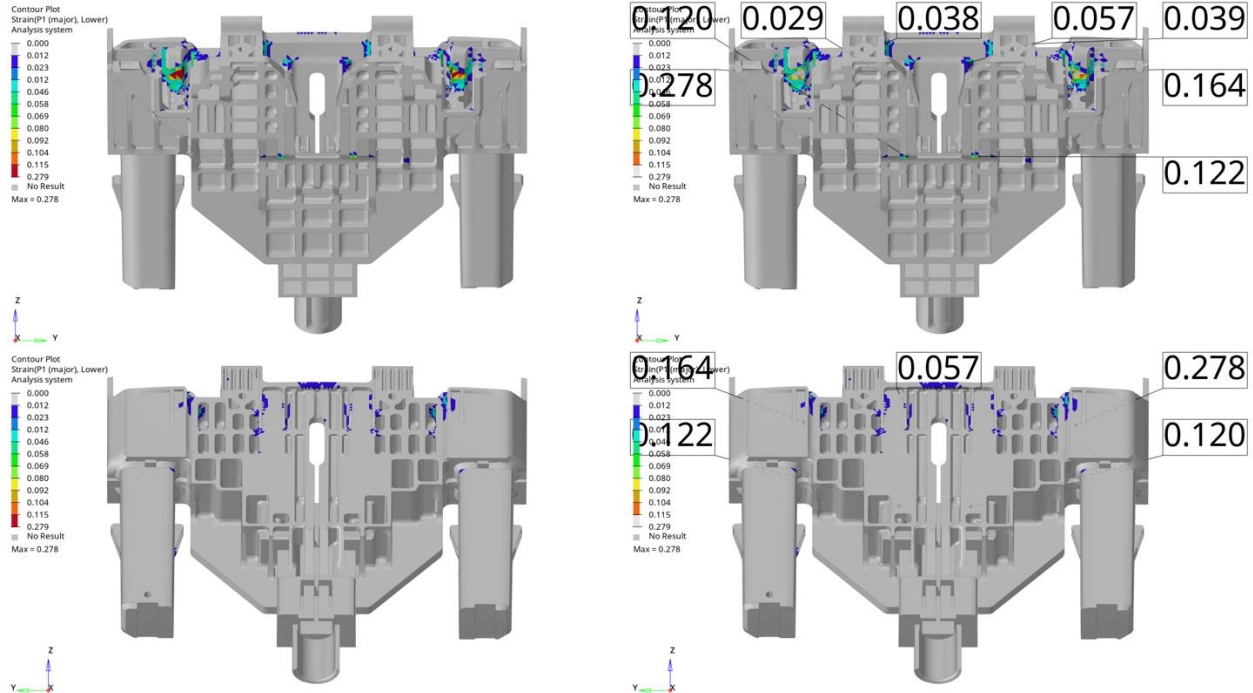
- 1) Use this input to select the page & window layout that will be captured and included in the report. The layouts supported are different for different page types as mentioned below.
 - a. Contour page – 1 x 1, 1 x 2 & 2 x 2
 - b. Section page – 1 x 2 & 2 x 2
 - c. Hotspot page – 1 x 1
 - d. Zoom page - 1 x 2 & 2 x 2.

Select the required layout and click on **Add** button to add the page layout into the entity list browser.

- 2) The **Entity** list browser is used to list and manage the pages included by the user and their respective layouts.
- 3) Enter the **Title** used for the slide title in the report, select the **Components** to be used for the current page type selected and the **View Set** to be used to orient the components.

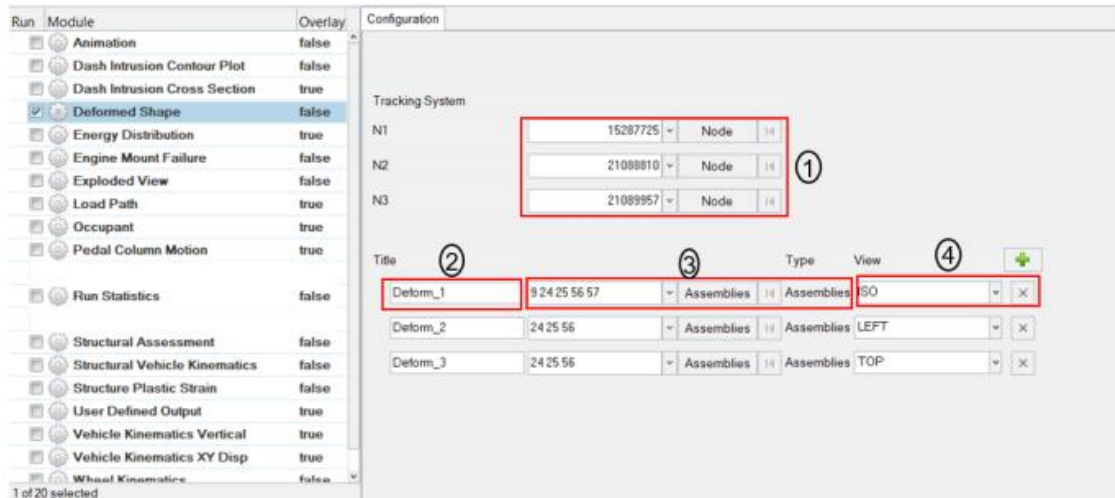
- 4) Define the **Contour** & **Section** details (& all its attributes) to be applied while generating the report for the Contour module.

Output: Section page with 2 x 2 layout



Deformed Shape

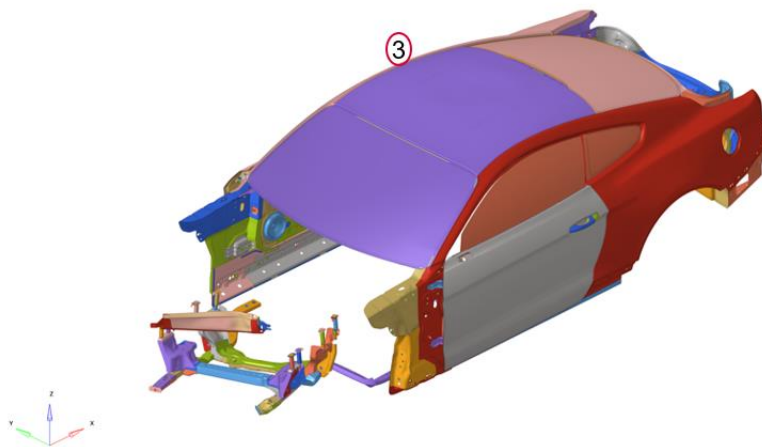
This module is used to create deformed shape of the user selected part sets (components or assemblies) in standard views (Left, Right, Top, Bottom, Front, Rear & Isometric views)



Inputs:

- 1) Node ID 1, 2 & 3 for defining tracking system
- 2) Label to be used for the slide title
- 3) Assembly IDs that will be considered for deformed shape
- 4) The view to be used for deformed shape image capture

Deformed Shape – Deform_1_ISO



Energy Dissipation

This module is used to create Energy Dissipation report for Seat as per ECE-R17 regulation. It contains an animation of pendulum impact on the Headrest and a plot of pendulum acceleration. The GUI and the inputs are as below.

< Energy Dissipation >

Part Selection
97256-97259 97261-972
Components
1

View Set
Left
Plane
2

Section
No Section
3

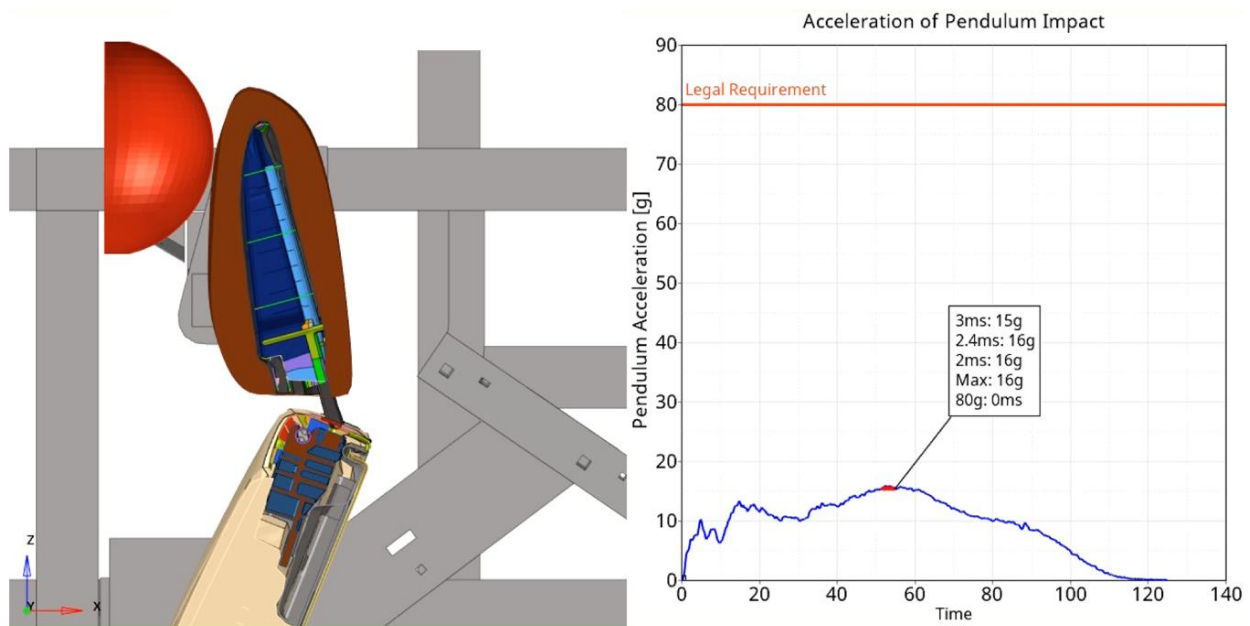
Subcase
Type
Request
Component
Filter
4

nodout
nodout
S9SEBAMIRI50 162058
x_acceleration
CFC 60

FPS
100
5

Inputs:

- 1) Selection of Seat components (Components/Assemblies/Elements supported)
- 2) View set selection. The selected seat components (in step 1 above) will be oriented in the view set selected before capturing the animation.
- 3) Section definition (optional). If defined, a section cut will be applied based on the inputs and then the animation will be captured.
- 4) Subcase, Datatype, Request, Data Component, and filter selection from time history data. This info will be used to created the pendulum acceleration plot
- 5) FPS or Frames Per Second parameter is required for capturing the animation (avi file)

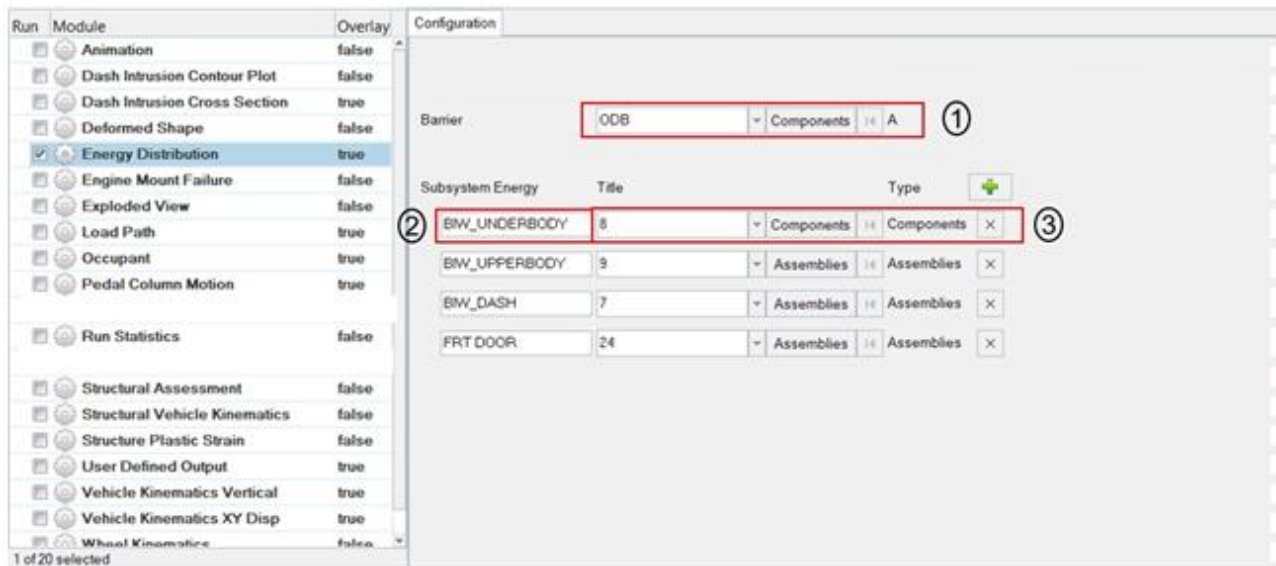


Energy Distribution

The Energy Distribution module is used to create energy distribution plots (bar graphs) for the barrier (system level) as well as for user selected sub systems such as BIW-upperbody, BIW-underbody etc.

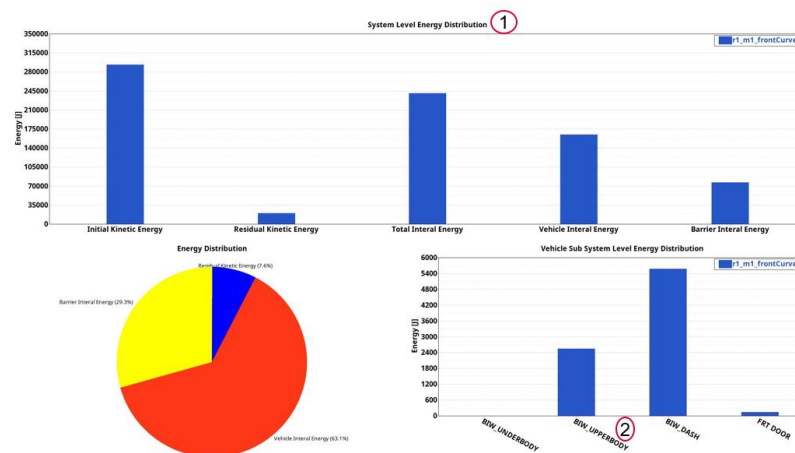
For the barrier, energy plots are created for Initial kinetic energy, residual kinetic energy, total internal energy, vehicle internal energy and barrier internal energy.

A pie chart is also created showing energy distribution for residual kinetic energy along with vehicle & barrier internal energy.



Inputs:

- 6) Barrier assembly or component ID
- 7) Subsystem name
- 8) Subsystem assembly or component ID



Floor Bolt Force

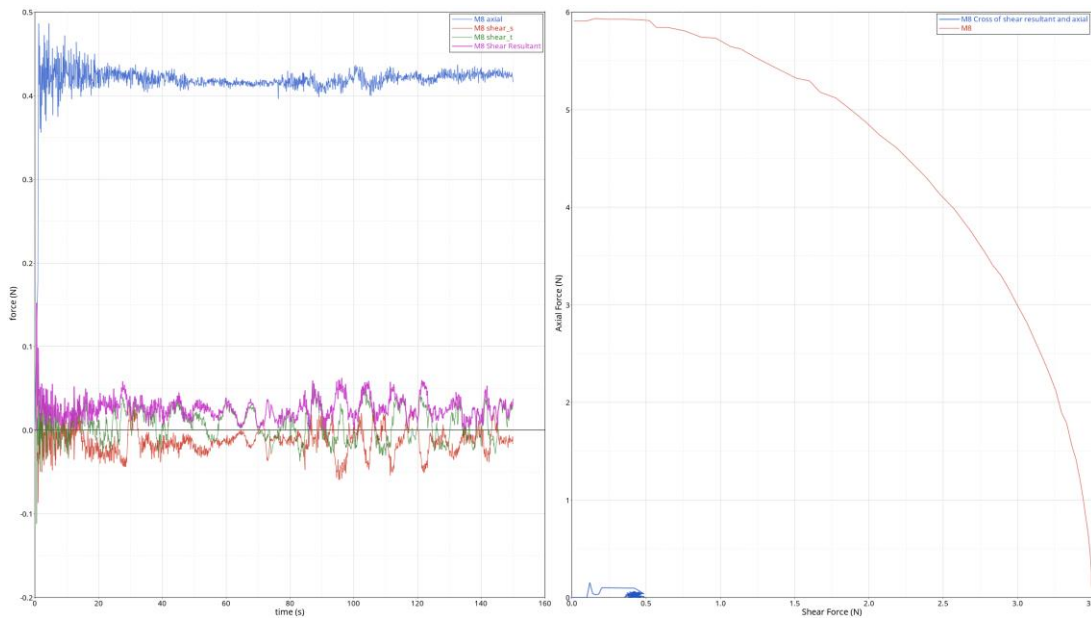
This module is used to create plots for bolt forces at each of the seat bolt locations. It contains axial, shear_s & shear_t plots along with resultant of shear_s & shear_t plot and a cross plot of axial force vs resultant shear force as shown below.

< Floor Bolt Force >

Title	Axial Curve TRC	shear_s Curve TRC	shear_t Curve TRC	Bolt Limit Curve	
M8	TRC	TRC	TRC	M8	Ⓚ
M10	TRC	TRC	TRC	M10	Ⓚ

Inputs:

- 1) For each of the seat bolt location, enter a title to be used as slide title
- 2) Select the type, request & component (TRC) for axial curve, shear_s & shear_t curves
- 3) Select the bolt limit curve from the drop down.



Front Impact Description

This module is used to create a summary report for Front Impact load case. The report consists of the following slides.

- Analysis summary slide capturing the load case, seat position, dummy type, test pulse, seat belt system
- A plot containing the Front Crash Pulse
- Front impact simulation animation in user selected views capturing the Sled, Belt, Seat & Dummy parts.

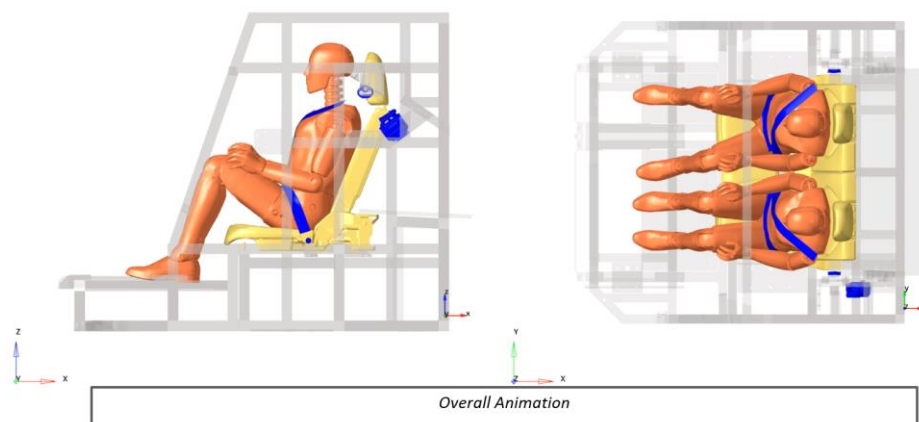
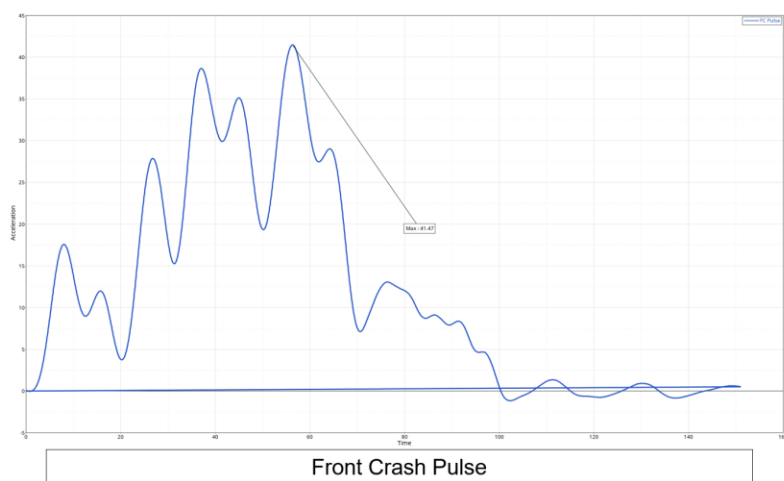
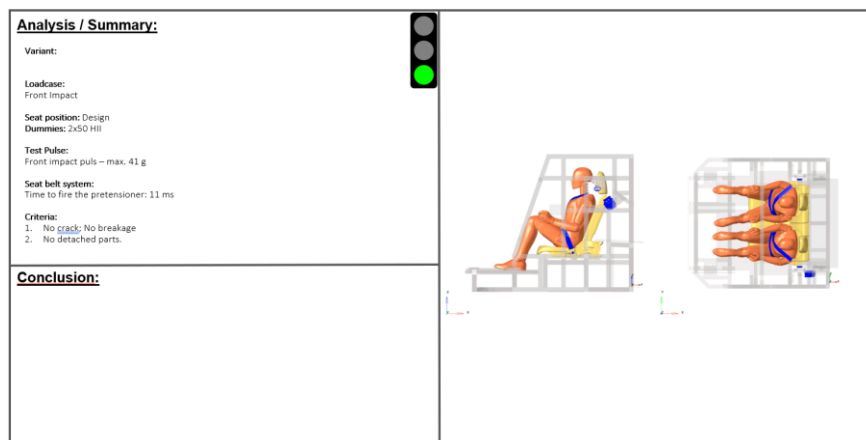
< Front Impact Description >

Sled	120006 120011	▼	Components	⏮	①	
Belt	120007 184011 184013	▼	Components	⏮		
Seat	99001 99061 99062 160	▼	Components	⏮		
Dummy	181003 181004 181618	▼	Components	⏮		
Sled Pulse	11		curves	⏮	②	
W1 view	left	▼	Zoom Factor:	3	③	
W2 view	top	▼	Zoom Factor:	1		
Tracking System						
N1	2014827		Node	⏮	④	
N2	46028449		Node	⏮		
N3	33021844		Node	⏮		
FPS					10	⑤

Inputs:

- 1) Select the parts representing the Sled, Belt, Seat & Dummy sub-systems
- 2) Select the Sled Pulse load curve
- 3) Select the two views for model orientations to be captured in the report
- 4) Select the 3 nodes defining the tracking system
- 5) Enter the Frames Per Second value used when capturing the animation

Outputs:

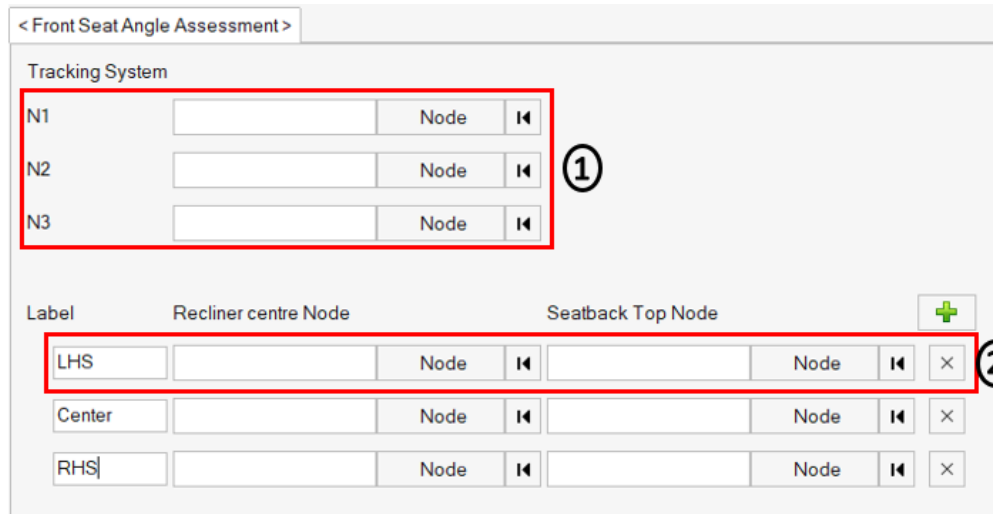


Front Seat Angle Assessment

This module evaluates seatback deflection (in deg) as part of the Front Seat Whiplash Dynamic assessment for High Severity Pulse. The seatback deflection is assessed where a three point penalty will be applied to the overall score when seats have a rotation of 32 deg or greater. The report generated (PPT & HTML) consists of the following.

- 1) A summary table with angle calculated between recliner center node and seatback top node at user specified locations. The table also has average angle and comparing it with the capping limit.
- 2) Image of the dummy and the seat along with the measured angle at each of the specified locations

The GUI is as shown below.



Inputs:

- 1) **Tracking system** definition. Select 3 nodes on the ground panel that defines a tracking system.
- 2) **Recliner center node & Seatback Top node** selection. Select one node each for defining the recliner center node & seatback top node. These 2 nodes will be used for angle calculation. Users can select the node pairs at multiple locations. The average angle will be calculated if more than one location (node pair) is specified.

EuroNCAP Whiplash Front Seat Angle Assessment Summary

Title	Values (deg)
LHS1	10.38
LHS2	8.45
Center	7.60
RHS1	9.60
RHS2	8.22
Capping Limit	32.00
Average Backseat Deflection	8.85
Max Backseat Deflection	10.38

Max BackSeat Angle : 10.380
Time at Max BackSeat Angle : 100.000

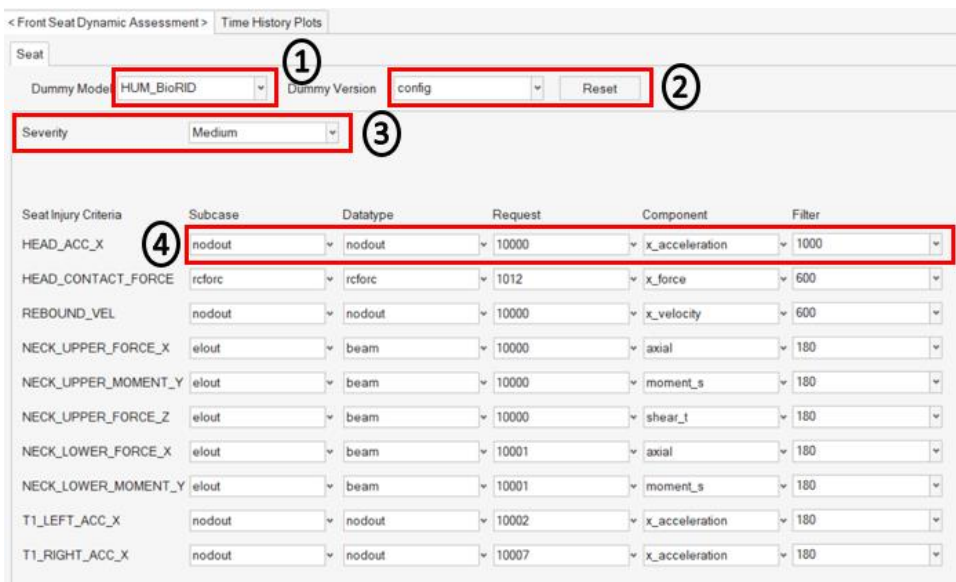


Front Seat Dynamic Assessment

This module generates dynamic assessment report for the Front Seat Whiplash load case. This module is supported across multiple regulations such as Euroncap, Cncap, Jncap etc. The injury criteria summary table and point scoring varies from one regulation to the other. The time history data input is from a simulation that is run to dynamically test a motor vehicle seat and head restraint assembly to assess the extent to which they reflect best practice in preventing soft tissue neck injuries. A BioRID UN rear crash dummy is used and is seated in a standardized position restrained by a three-point belt. The report generated (PPT & HTML) consists of the following.

- 1) Dynamic assessment detailed summary table with points scoring. The values reported in the table for all the injury criteria are based on the Head-to-Head Restraint contact force end time (T-HRC end time)
- 2) Performance plots (with limit datum lines) for each of the injury criteria
- 3) Head Restraint Contact Time (T-HRC start & T-HRC end). It is defined as the time of first contact between the rear of the ATD head and the head restraint, where the subsequent continuous contact duration exceeds 40ms.
- 4) Nkm Calculation. The Nkm criterion is based on a combination of moment and shear forces, using critical intercept values for the load and moment.
- 5) NIC Calculation. The NIC is based on the relative horizontal acceleration and velocity of the occipital joint relative to T1.

The GUI is designed in such a way that it offers flexibility to support various types and versions of dummies as per the supported impact and regulation types. A snapshot of the GUI is as shown below.

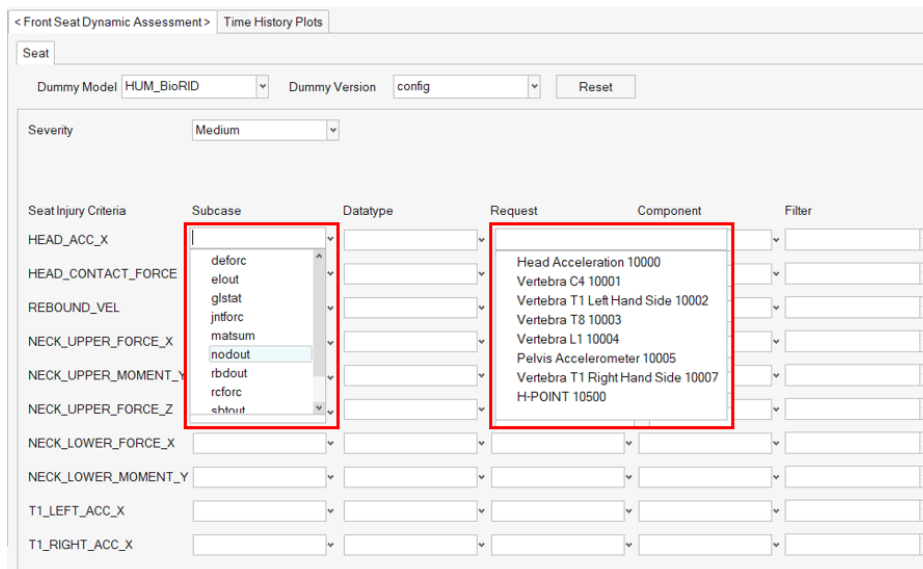


The screenshot shows the 'Front Seat Dynamic Assessment' GUI. It includes a 'Seat' dropdown, 'Dummy Model' (HUM_BioRID), 'Dummy Version' (config), and a 'Reset' button. A 'Severity' dropdown is set to 'Medium'. Below these is a table of 'Seat Injury Criteria' with columns for Subcase, Datatype, Request, Component, and Filter. The first row, HEAD_ACC_X, is highlighted with a red box. Circled numbers 1 through 4 point to specific UI elements: 1 points to the Dummy Model dropdown, 2 points to the Dummy Version dropdown, 3 points to the Severity dropdown, and 4 points to the HEAD_ACC_X row in the table.

Seat Injury Criteria	Subcase	Datatype	Request	Component	Filter
HEAD_ACC_X	nodout	nodout	10000	x_acceleration	1000
HEAD_CONTACT_FORCE	rcforc	rcforc	1012	x_force	600
REBOUND_VEL	nodout	nodout	10000	x_velocity	600
NECK_UPPER_FORCE_X	elout	beam	10000	axial	180
NECK_UPPER_MOMENT_Y	elout	beam	10000	moment_s	180
NECK_UPPER_FORCE_Z	elout	beam	10000	shear_t	180
NECK_LOWER_FORCE_X	elout	beam	10001	axial	180
NECK_LOWER_MOMENT_Y	elout	beam	10001	moment_s	180
T1_LEFT_ACC_X	nodout	nodout	10002	x_acceleration	180
T1_RIGHT_ACC_X	nodout	nodout	10007	x_acceleration	180

Inputs:

- 1) **Dummy model** selection option. Currently for the Front Seat Dynamic Assessment, we support BioRID dummy type.
- 2) **Dummy version** selection. Users can either select a particular version number from the drop down or set it to config option. When selecting a version number, all the subcase, datatype, request & component types along with filters are predefined based on defaults config file. When user selects the config option then it is user's responsibility to define all the inputs. This is especially needed when using a newer dummy version.
- 3) **Pulse severity selection**. There are 3 pulse severity options available namely **Low**, **Medium**, and **High**.
- 4) **Dummy Injury Criteria selection**. This option is enabled only when the dummy version is set to config. Users should first make sure to load the Time History file (T01 / binout / HDF / MME) by clicking the **Search** button. After loading the file, user can start defining the appropriate subcase, datatype, request & component types for each of the injury criteria.



Seat Injury Criteria	Subcase	Datatype	Request	Component	Filter
HEAD_ACC_X	deforc		Head Acceleration 10000		
HEAD_CONTACT_FORCE	elout		Vertebra C4 10001		
REBOUND_VEL	glstat		Vertebra T1 Left Hand Side 10002		
NECK_UPPER_FORCE_X	jntforc		Vertebra T8 10003		
NECK_UPPER_MOMENT_Y	matsum		Vertebra L1 10004		
NECK_UPPER_FORCE_Z	nodout		Pelvis Accelerometer 10005		
NECK_LOWER_FORCE_X	rbout		Vertebra T1 Right Hand Side 10007		
NECK_LOWER_MOMENT_Y	rcforc		H-POINT 10500		
T1_LEFT_ACC_X	shnout				
T1_RIGHT_ACC_X					

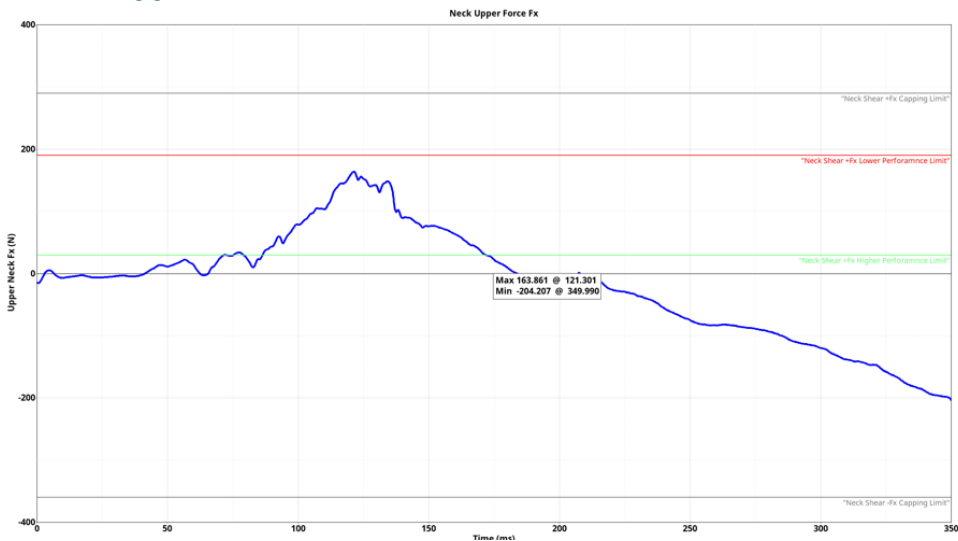
EuroNcap Whiplash Front Seat Dynamic Assessment Summary

Total points (Out of 3)	2.25
-------------------------	------

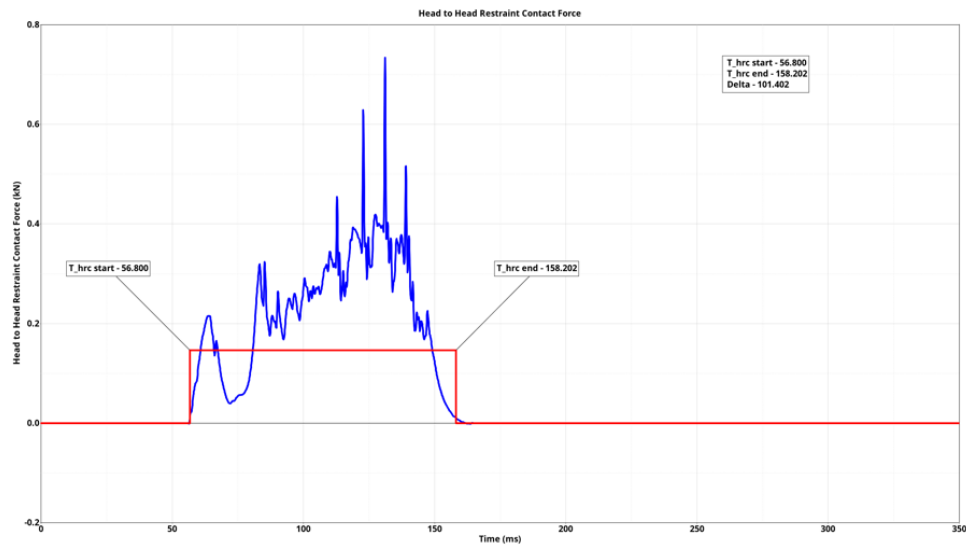
Detailed Summary

High Severity Pulse	Higher Limit	Lower Limit	Capping Limit	main_iter_	Points
NIC (m2/s2)	13	23	25.5	20.50	0.250
NKM	-	-	0.78	0.21	
Upper Neck Shear +Fx (N)	30	210	364	20.32	1.000
Upper Neck Shear -Fx (N)	-	-	360	80.79	
Upper Neck Tension +Fz (N)	470	770	1024	208.83	1.000
Upper Neck My Extension (N*m)	-	-	30	16.99	
Upper Neck My Flexion (N*m)	-	-	30	2.75	
Lower Neck Shear Fx (ABS) (N)	-	-	360	188.09	
Lower Neck My Extension (N*m)	-	-	30	1.89	
Lower Neck My Flexion (N*m)	-	-	30	6.20	
T1 Acceleration (g)	-	-	17.8	13.78	
T_hrc start (ms)	-	-	92	81.90	
T_hrc end (ms)	-	-	-	150.00	
Rebound Velocity (m/s)	-	-	6	5.59	

Neck Upper Force Fx



Head to Head Restraint Contact Force



For NCAP, the point scoring & the STAR rating is based on the following specification. There is a separate point scoring calculation for Front seat & Rear seat as shown in the table below. The values reported in the table for all the injury criteria are based on the Head to Head Restraint contact force end time (T-HRC end time)

Injury	Front Seat Point	Rear Seat Point	Higher Limit	Lower Limit	Front Max Score	Rear Max Score
NIC	2 to 0	0.8 to 0	< 8 m ² /s ²	> 30 m ² /s ²	2	0.8
Upper Neck F _x +	1.5 to 0	0.6 to 0	< 340 N	> 730 N	1.5	0.6
Upper Neck F _z +	1.5 to 0	0.6 to 0	< 475 N	> 1130 N		
Upper Neck M _y	1.5 to 0	0.6 to 0	< 12 Nm	> 40 Nm		
Lower Neck F _x +	1.5 to 0	0.6 to 0	< 340 N	> 730 N	1.5	0.6
Lower Neck F _z +	1.5 to 0	0.6 to 0	< 257 N	> 1480 N		
Lower Neck M _y	1.5 to 0	0.6 to 0	< 12 Nm	> 40 Nm		
Max Seatback Deflection	0 to -2	0 to -0.8	< 25 deg	>= 25 deg	0	0
Dynamic Seat Displacement	0 to -5	0 to -2	< 20 mm	>= 20 mm	0	0
HRMD	0 to -2	0 to -0.8	Yes	No	0	0

CNCAP Whiplash Dynamic Assessment Summary



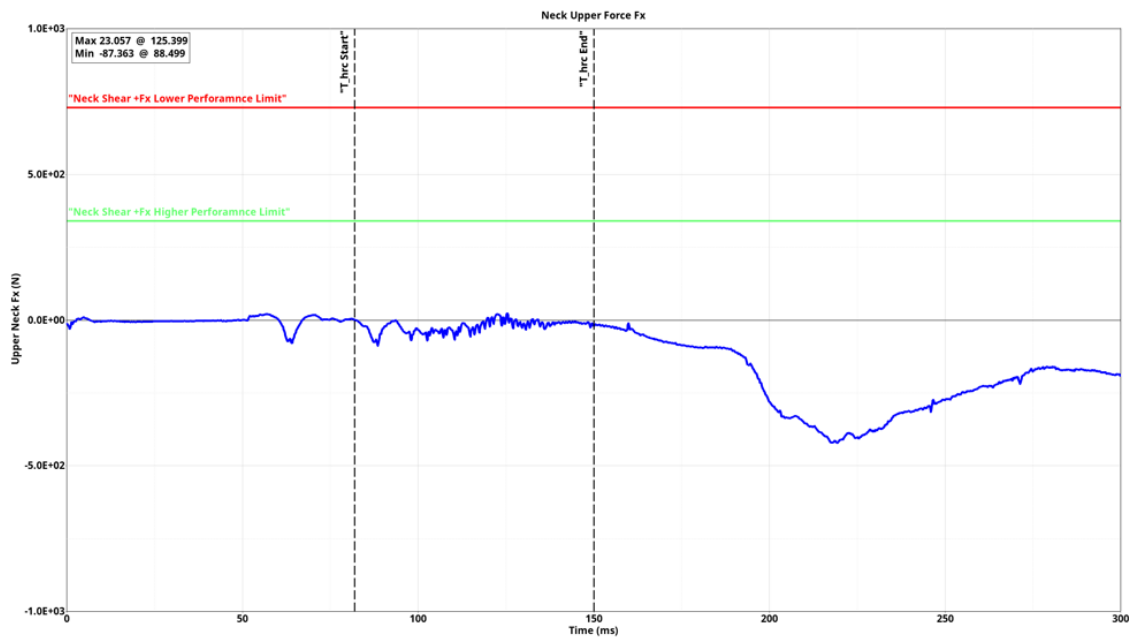
Seat Location	Front
Points	3.6
Modifier	0
Total Points (out of 5)	3.6
Score %	72
Star Rating	3

★★★★★	85 %
★★★★☆	75 %
★★★☆☆	65 %
★★★☆☆	60 %
★★☆☆☆	< 60 %

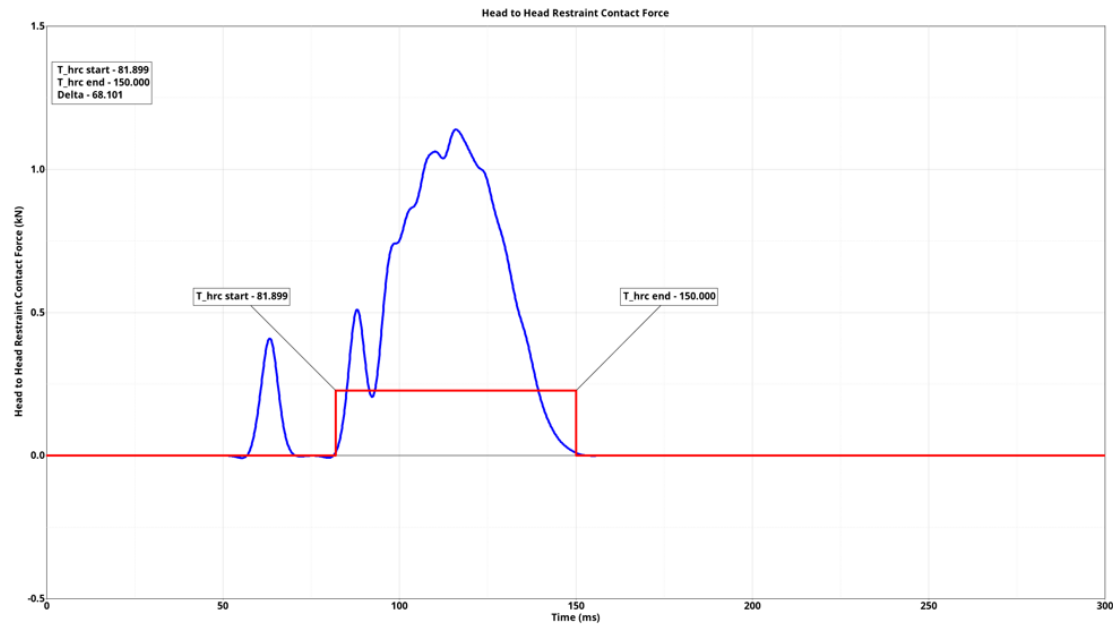
Detailed Summary

Title	Higher Limit	Lower Limit	main_iter_	Points
NIC (m2/s2)	8	30	20.50	0.863
Upper Neck Shear +Fx (N)	340	730	23.06	1.500
Upper Neck Tension +Fz (N)	475	1130	220.80	1.500
Upper Neck My (N*m)	12	40	16.91	1.237
Lower Neck Shear +Fx (N)	340	730	190.75	1.500
Lower Neck Tension +Fz (N)	257	1480	220.80	1.500
Lower Neck My (N*m)	12	40	1.87	1.500
Dynamic Seat Displacement (mm)	20	20	0.01	0.000
Max Seatback Deflection greater than 25 deg	No	Yes	No	0
Seat headrest interferes with the headform of HRMD	No	Yes	No	0
T_hrc start (ms)	-	-	81.90	
T_hrc end (ms)	-	-	150.00	

Neck Upper Force Fx



Head to Head Restraint Contact Force



For JNCAP, the point scoring & the LEVEL rating is based on the following specification.

Injury	Weightage	Point	Higher Limit	Lower Limit	Max Score
NIC	1	4 to 0	< 8 m/s ²	> 30 m/s ²	4
Upper Neck F _x +	2	4 to 0	< 340 N	> 730 N	8
Upper Neck F _z +		4 to 0	< 475 N	> 1130 N	
Upper Neck My Flexion		4 to 0	< 12 Nm	> 40 Nm	
Upper Neck My Extension		4 to 0	< 12 Nm	> 40 Nm	
Lower Neck F _x +		4 to 0	< 340 N	> 730 N	
Lower Neck F _z +		4 to 0	< 257 N	> 1480 N	
Lower Neck My Flexion		4 to 0	< 12 Nm	> 40 Nm	
Lower Neck My Extension		4 to 0	< 12 Nm	> 40 Nm	

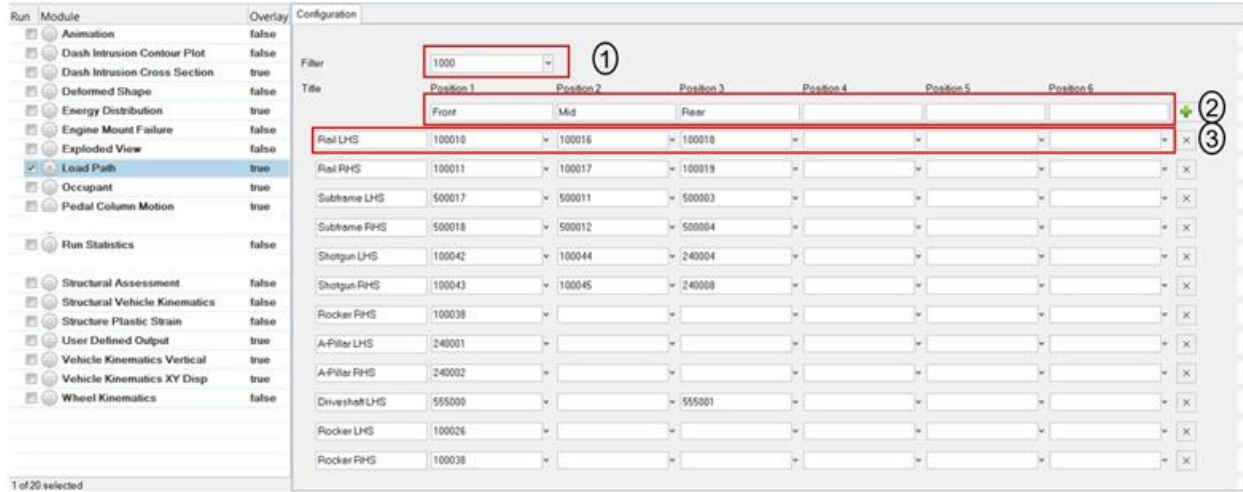
Rating Scheme Frontal & Side Impact, Whiplash:

Level	Points
5	≥ 10.5
4	≥ 9
3	≥ 7.5
2	≥ 6
1	< 6

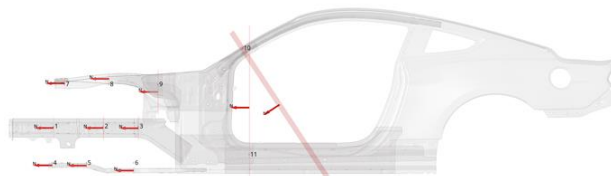
Load Path

The Load Path module lets you create following report summary.

- 1) It creates an image of the vehicle and identifies the location of each cross section that is defined by the user in the config file
- 2) It creates a Load Path Section Forces and Properties summary table
- 3) It also creates Load Path section forces plots for all the cross sections



Cross Section Locations

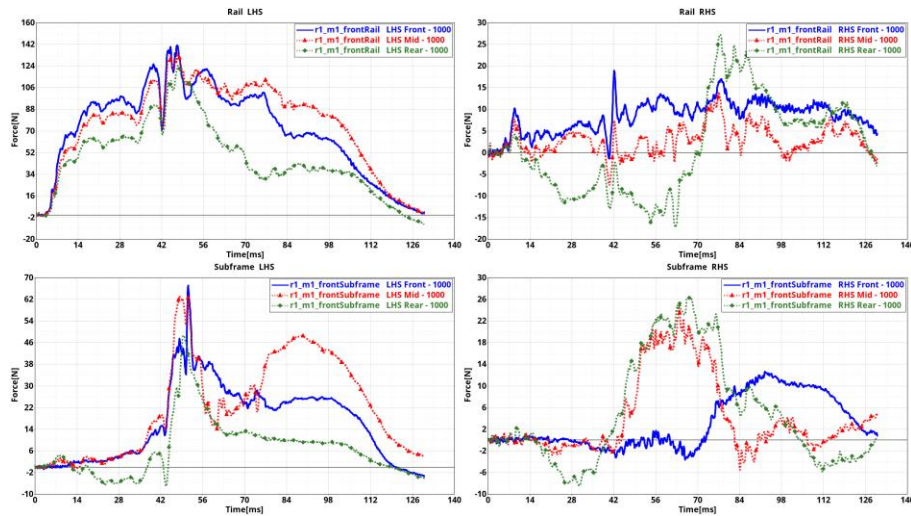


1	Rail Front
2	Rail Mid
3	Rail Rear
4	Subframe Front
5	Subframe Mid
6	Subframe Rear
7	Shotgun Front
8	Shotgun Mid
9	Shotgun Rear
10	A-Pillar Front
11	Rocker Front

Load Path Summary

#	Title	Peak Load [LHS] (KN)	Area (mm ²)	Ix (mm ⁴)	Iy (mm ⁴)	J (mm ⁴)	Sx (mm ³)	Sy (mm ³)	Peak Load [RHS] (KN)	Area (mm ²)	Ix (mm ⁴)	Iy (mm ⁴)	J (mm ⁴)	Sx (mm ³)	Sy (mm ³)
r1_m1_front															
1	Rail Front	141.00	38.37	178846.17	51224.93	-43216.83	847.13	693.77	18.93	38.37	16516.837	51224.92	-45234.58	847.13	693.77
2	Rail Mid	135.32	36.67	104454.26	65096.91	40738.48	792.97	679.60	14.11	36.63	63340.71	79026.63	17641.33	791.38	681.85
3	Rail Rear	125.37	39.52	124027.32	71430.19	-43017.08	880.11	776.17	27.44	39.52	18420.611	55540.15	-48580.74	880.11	776.17
4	Subframe Front	67.17	17.45	3589.02	8405.00	0.00	214.27	280.17	12.62	17.45	3589.02	8405.00	0.00	214.27	280.17
5	Subframe Mid	63.52	17.81	4033.52	8729.89	-0.58	228.13	290.98	24.74	17.81	4033.10	8729.89	0.54	228.20	290.98
6	Subframe Rear	49.07	17.45	3589.01	8405.06	0.00	214.27	280.17	26.45	17.45	3589.01	8405.06	0.00	214.27	280.17
7	Shotgun Front	23.95	64.34	74444.15	272987.83	-22519.68	699.06	1554.85	4.45	64.34	59385.91	278937.03	-34549.85	699.07	1554.85
8	Shotgun Mid	21.84	38.94	34520.59	143438.48	7054.20	791.54	961.01	20.31	38.94	47275.78	121756.20	39462.78	791.55	961.32
9	Shotgun Rear	31.99	131.04	2977343.36	4236128.96	3173750.07	4893.40	2722.56	35.47	136.25	21570.98.05	1226453.29	-446369.53	3312.09	4441.09
10	Rocker Front	115.19	120.65	8934548.12	336710.24	-176468.24	12426.70	3454.34	17.31	120.65	97954.51.07	904324.39	999808.24	12426.70	3454.34

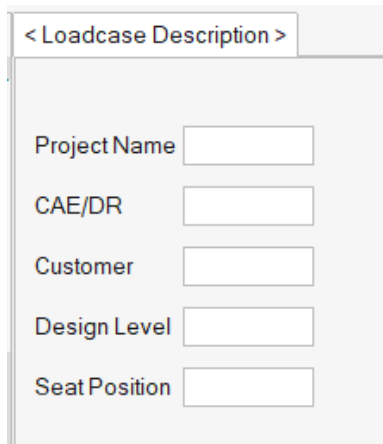
Cross Section Force Plot



Loadcase Description

This module generates a title slide (as per customer requirement). It can be included as a title slide for any of the Seat specific load cases such as Pendulum impact, Whiplash etc. It takes following info as user inputs

- 1) Project Name
- 2) CAE/DR
- 3) Customer Name
- 4) Design Level
- 5) Seat Position



The screenshot shows a software window titled "< Loadcase Description >". Inside the window, there are five input fields arranged vertically, each with a label to its left: "Project Name", "CAE/DR", "Customer", "Design Level", and "Seat Position". Each label is followed by a rectangular text input box.

The above information will be included in a title slide as per the master PPT template.

Luggage Retention

This module is used to validate the design of the rear seat backs as per ECE R17 (Economic Commission for Europe of the United Nations (UN/ECE)) regulation. The ECE R17 establishes uniform standards for approving vehicles based on their seats, anchorages and head restraints.

The module creates the following summary report from the selected simulation results data.

- Forward deflection of Head Restraint & the structure
- Plotting of Test pulse
- Capturing the ECE-R 17 with 80% of the permissible dynamic forward displacement

< Luggage Retention >

Tracking System

N1 2173454 Node H ①

N2 2183436 Node H

N3 2127224 Node H

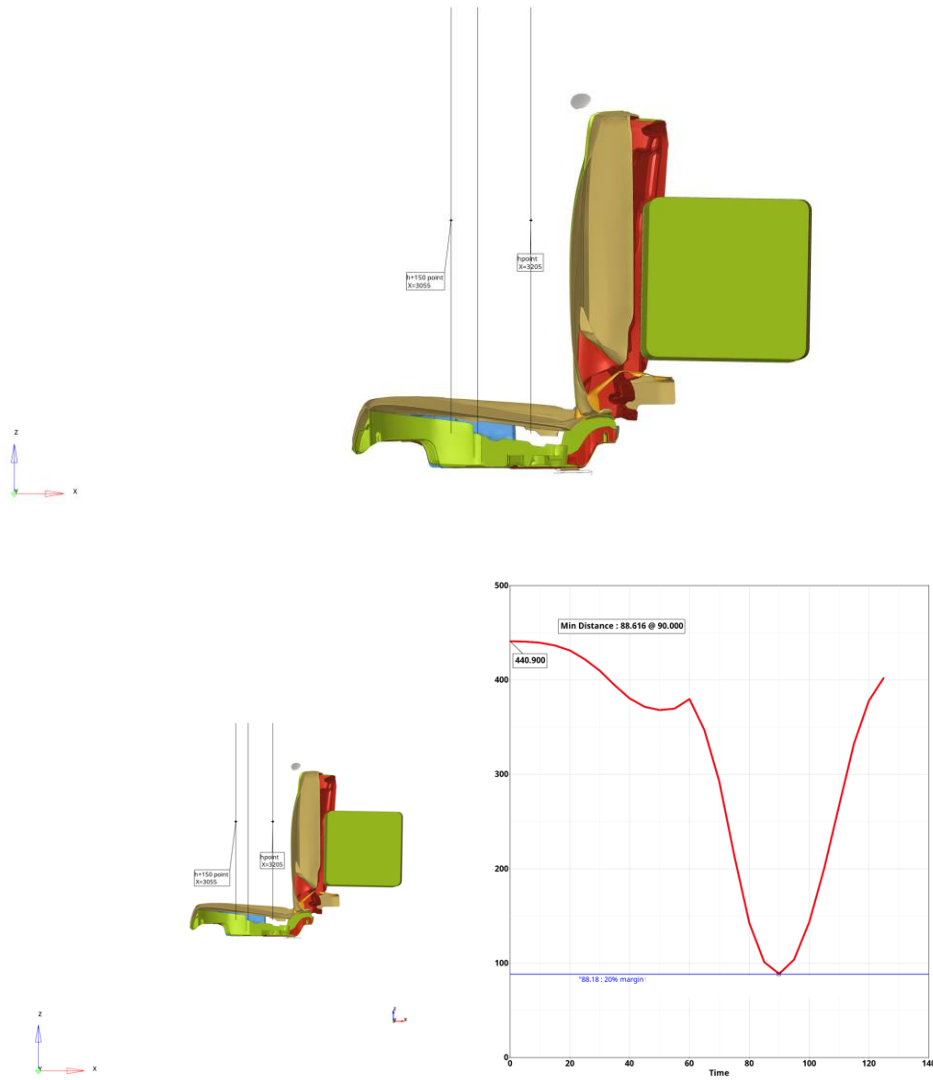
②

Title	H Point	Seat Selection	Block Selection	Headrest	H plane	H+100 Plane	H+150 Plane
Point 1	16801138	Node H 99016 99031 99044-990	Components H 190000 190001	Components H 99356 99307 99318-993	Components H 120037	Components H 120038	Components H 120039
Point 2	16800933	Node H 99016 99031 99044-990	Components H 190000 190001	Components H 99607 99619-99620 996	Components H 120037	Components H 120038	Components H 120039
Point 3	16800961	Node H 99016 99031 99044-990	Components H 190000 190001	Components H 99356 99307 99318-993	Components H 120037	Components H 120038	Components H 120039
Test Pulse Curve	26	Curve H	③				

Inputs:

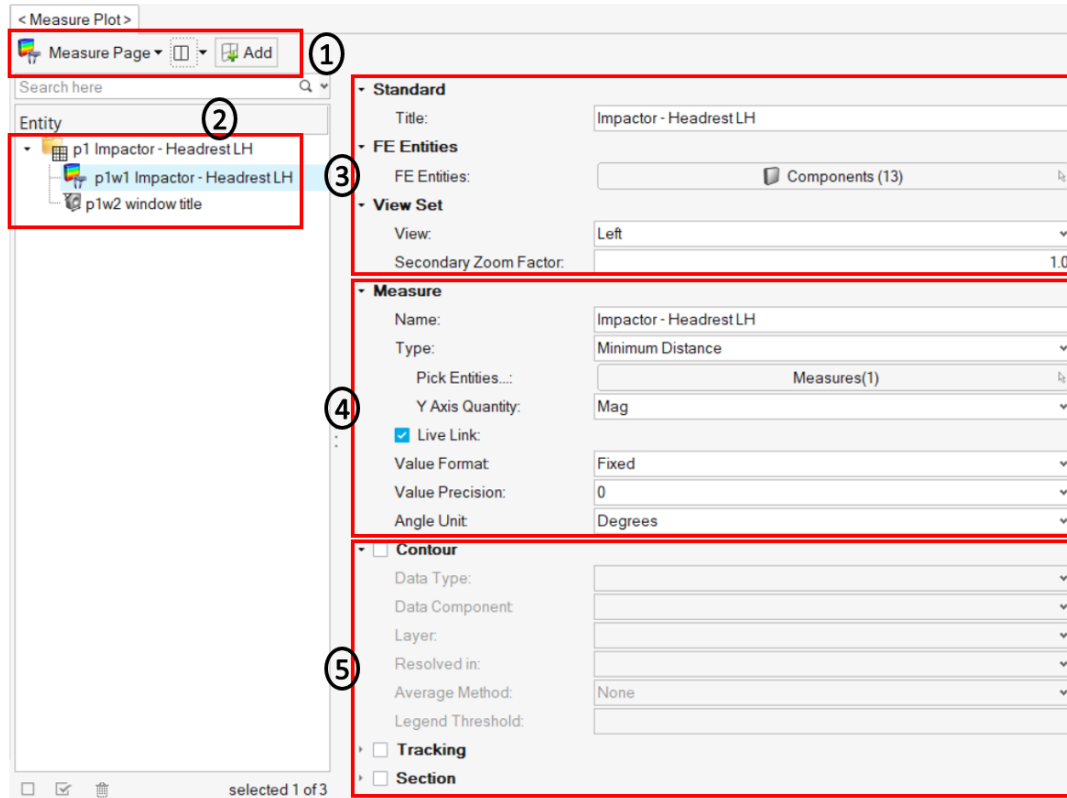
- 1) 3 nodes that define the tracking system
- 2) H point location, Seat, Block & Headrest parts along with the parts defining the H plane, H+100 plane & H+150 plane at 3 different locations
- 3) Test pulse curve ID from the solver input deck

Outputs:



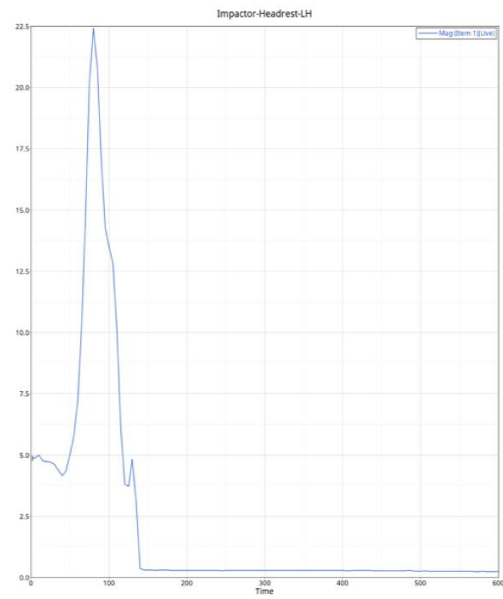
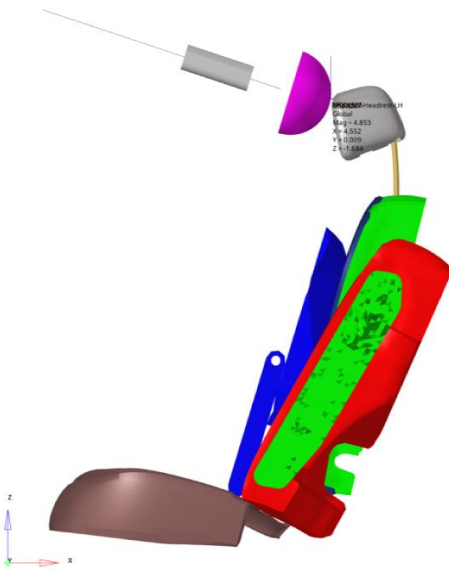
Measure Plot

This is a generic module that allows users to apply various types of measures on the 3D animation results data, generate animations and measure plots and include them in the report. The GUI and the various inputs that are required to be defined are mentioned below.



Inputs:

- 1) Use this input to select the page & window layout that will be captured and included in the report. 2 layouts are supported i.e. 1 x 2 and 2 x 2. Select the layout and click on **Add** button to add the page layout into the entity list browser.
- 2) The **Entity** list browser is used to list and manage the pages included by the user and their respective layouts.
- 3) Enter the **Title** used for the slide title in the report, select the **Components** to be used for the current measure and the **View Set** to be used to orient the components.
- 4) Define the **Measure** and all of its attributes to be applied such as measure type, measure entities, format & precision for the measure etc.
- 5) Optionally user can also enter the **Contour**, **Tracking** & **Section** details to be applied while generating the report for the Measure module.



Rear Impact Angular Change

This module is used to find the angular change of backrest for the following seat configurations during rear impact simulation. The configurations supported are Left, Right, Mid, 2 seat & 3 seat. A summary slide is generated highlighting the angular change of backrest for the selected seat configuration and creating an angular deviation plot across the simulation steps.

< Rear Impact Angular Change >

Seat Configuration: 3 ①

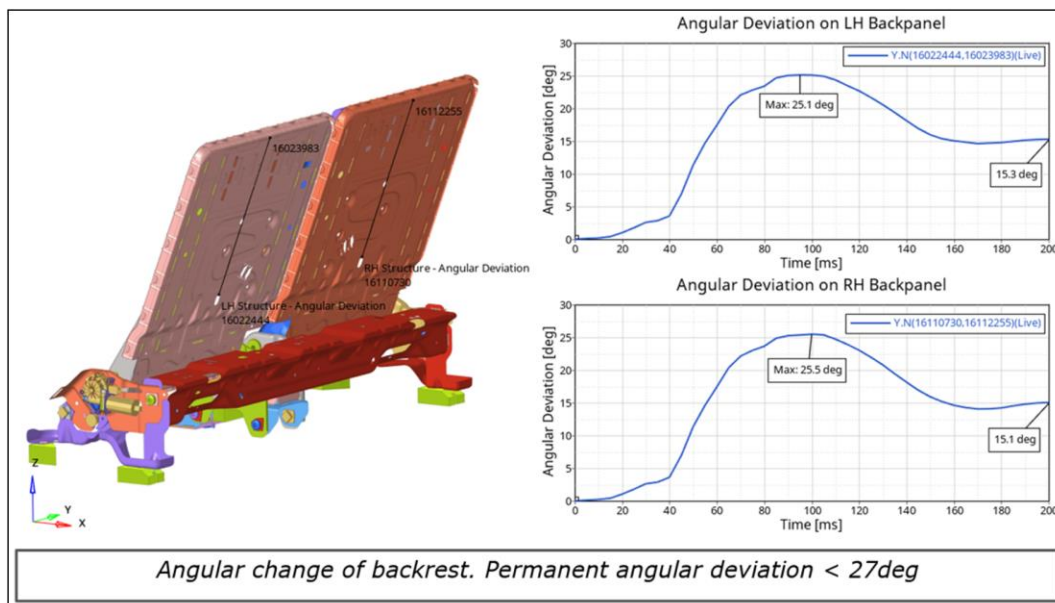
View Set: User Defined Zoom Factor: 1.0 ②

Seat: 120005 120013 120014 Components: ③

	Angle N1		Angle N2	
Left Seat	40012266 Node ④		40011741 Node ④	
Mid Seat	42006446 Node ④		42013368 Node ④	
Right Seat	44007740 Node ④		44007973 Node ④	

Inputs:

- 1) Select the required seat configuration
- 2) Select the view and the zoom factor to be used for orienting the seat
- 3) Select the seat parts
- 4) Select the two nodes (on top & bottom of the seat backrest) for calculating the angular deviation



Rear Impact Description

This module is used to create a summary report for Rear Impact load case. The report consists of the following slides.

- Analysis summary slide capturing the load case, seat position, dummy type, test pulse, seat belt system
- A plot containing the Rear Crash Pulse
- Rear impact simulation animation in user selected views capturing the Sled, Belt, Seat & Dummy parts.

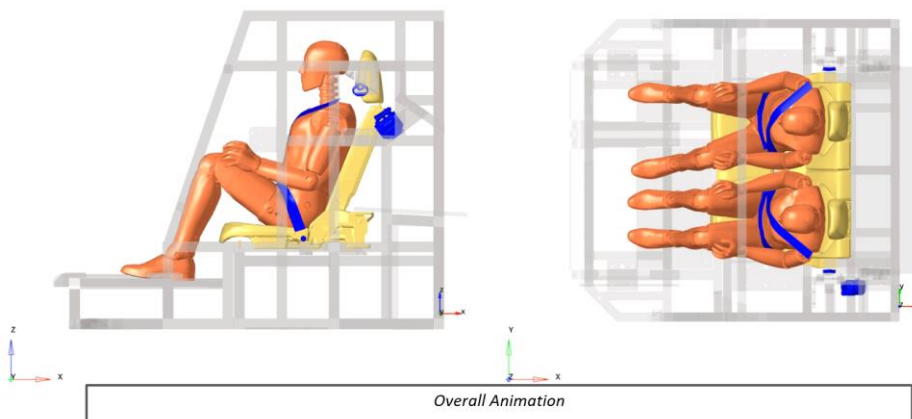
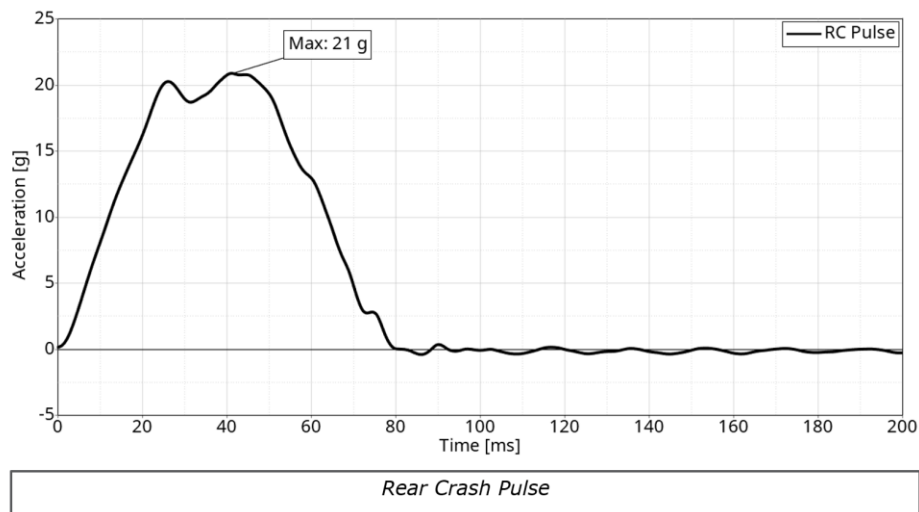
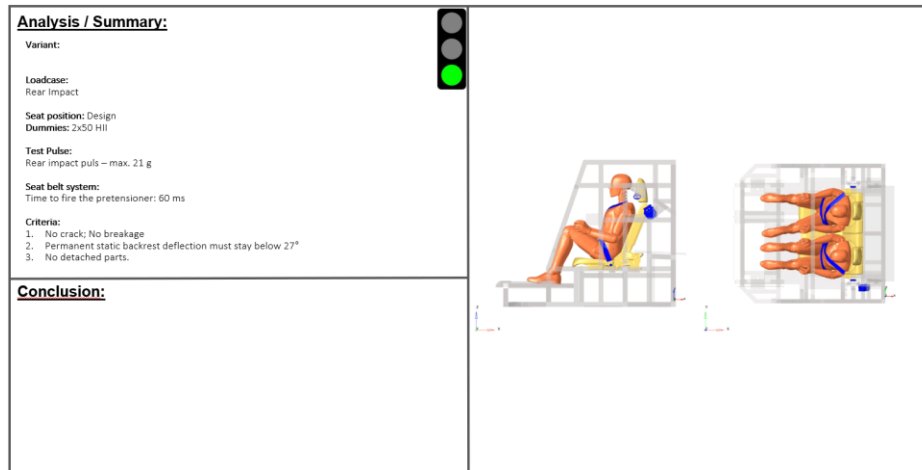
< Rear Impact Description >

Sled	120006 120011	▼	Components	⏮	①	
Belt	120007 184011 184013	▼	Components	⏮		
Seat	99001 99061 99062 160	▼	Components	⏮		
Dummy	181003 181004 181618	▼	Components	⏮		
Sled Pulse	11		curve	⏮	②	
W1 view	Top	▼	Zoom Factor:		1	③
W2 view	Right	▼	Zoom Factor:		1	
Tracking System						
N1	2095994		Node	⏮	④	
N2	2096011		Node	⏮		
N3	2103856		Node	⏮		
FPS					25	⑤

Inputs:

- 5) Select the parts representing the Sled, Belt, Seat & Dummy sub-systems
- 6) Select the Sled Pulse load curve
- 7) Select the two views for model orientations to be captured in the report
- 8) Select the 3 nodes defining the tracking system
- 9) Enter the Frames Per Second value used when capturing the animation

Outputs:



Recliner Moment

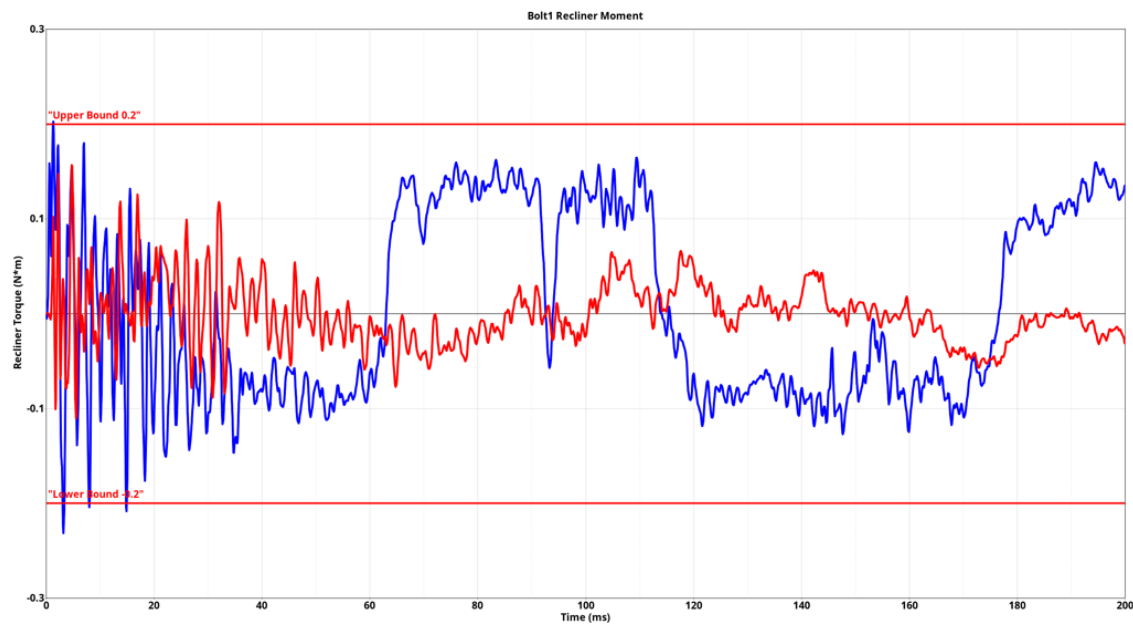
This module is used to create recliner moment plots at user selected seat bolt locations. At each selected location, recliner torque left and right channels are plotted as shown below.

< Recliner Moment >

Bolt Selection	Upper Bound	Lower Bound	LHS Bolt Channel	RHS Bolt Channel	filter	
Bolt1	0.2	-0.2	TRC	TRC	CFC 600	①
Bolt2	0.4	-0.4	TRC	TRC	CFC 180	
Bolt3	0.3	-0.3	TRC	TRC	CFC 180	

Inputs:

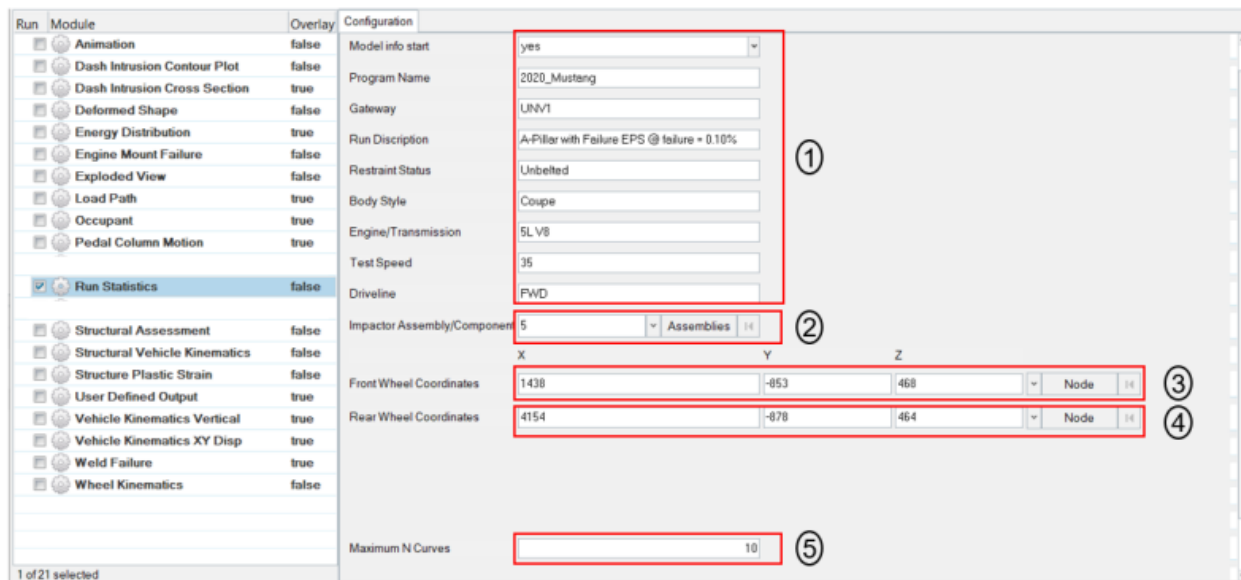
- 1) For each of the seat bolt location, enter a title to be used as slide title
- 2) Enter the upper & lower bound limits for the recliner torque
- 3) Select the type, request & component (TRC) for left & right hand bolt channels along with the filter class to be applied



Run Statistics

This module creates following summary info.

- 1) Model Information summary containing Program Name, Gateway, Run description, vehicle weight, solver version, run time etc.
- 2) Run Quality report which consists of termination time, termination type, mass added, energy ratio etc.
- 3) Plots consisting of global energy plots, added mass & time step plots and energy ratio plots
- 4) An image containing vehicle mass & geometric measurements
- 5) Material Internal Energy plots for the user defined Top N parts

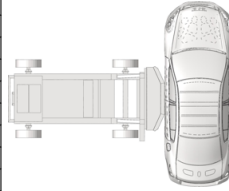


Run	Module	Overlay
<input type="checkbox"/>	Animation	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Dash Intrusion Contour Plot	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Dash Intrusion Cross Section	true
<input type="checkbox"/>	Deformed Shape	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Energy Distribution	true
<input type="checkbox"/>	Engine Mount Failure	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Exploded View	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Load Path	true
<input type="checkbox"/>	Occupant	true
<input type="checkbox"/>	Pedal Column Motion	true
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Run Statistics	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Structural Assessment	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Structural Vehicle Kinematics	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Structure Plastic Strain	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	User Defined Output	true
<input type="checkbox"/>	Vehicle Kinematics Vertical	true
<input type="checkbox"/>	Vehicle Kinematics XY Disp	true
<input type="checkbox"/>	Weld Failure	true
<input type="checkbox"/>	Wheel Kinematics	false

Configuration
Model info start: yes
Program Name: 2020_Mustang
Gateway: UNV1
Run Description: A-Pillar with Failure EPS @ failure = 0.10%
Restraint Status: Unbelted
Body Style: Coupe
Engine/Transmission: 5L V8
Test Speed: 35
Driveline: FWD
Impactor Assembly/Component: 5
Front Wheel Coordinates: X: 1438, Y: -853, Z: 468
Rear Wheel Coordinates: X: 4154, Y: -878, Z: 464
Maximum N Curves: 10

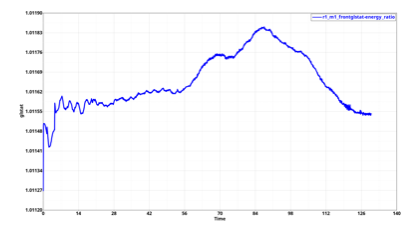
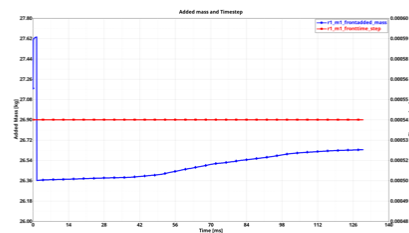
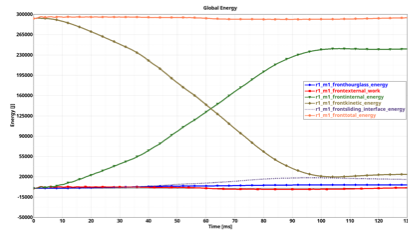
Model Info Summary & Run Quality Report

Program Name	Test
Gateway	abcd
Run Discription	Side Impact test run
Restraint Status	Belted
Body Style	Sedan
Engine/Transmission	V4
Test Speed	35 Kph
Driveline	AWD
Run Name	Main.k
Engineer	tejasr
Model Run Date	09 / 18 / 2021
Test Mode	Side CIASI - IIHS OLD (Pre 2021) MDB
Gross Vehicle Weight	1826.09 kg
Impactor Weight	0.00 kg
Total Weight	1826.09 kg
Vehicle Front Axle Weight	1016.54 kg
Vehicle Rear Axle Weight	809.55 kg
Solver Version	mpp s R7.1.2
Number of CPU	8 CPU
Run Time	21 hr 41 min 54 sec



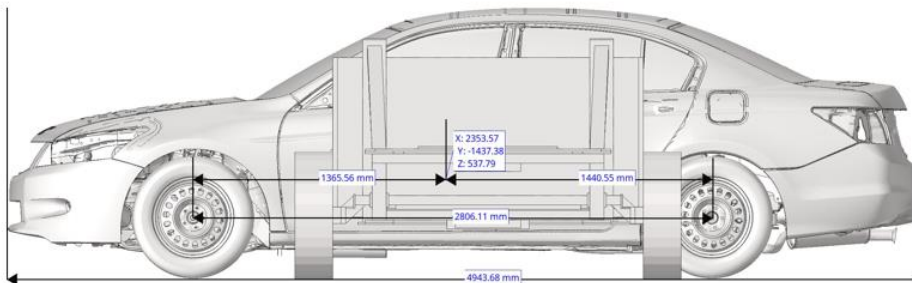
Run Quality	Result	Target
Termination Time	0.2 ms	0.2 ms
Termination Type	Normal Termination	
Mass Added @ T=0 [%]	0.44 %	< 1 %
Total Mass Added [%]	0.96 %	< 3 %
Total Mass Added [kg]	0.03 kg	
Energy -> Hourglass [%]	3.45 %	< 10 %
Energy -> Ratio [%]	1.00 %	1 >= Energy Ratio < 1.01

Global Energy, Added Mass, Time Step & Energy Ratio Plots



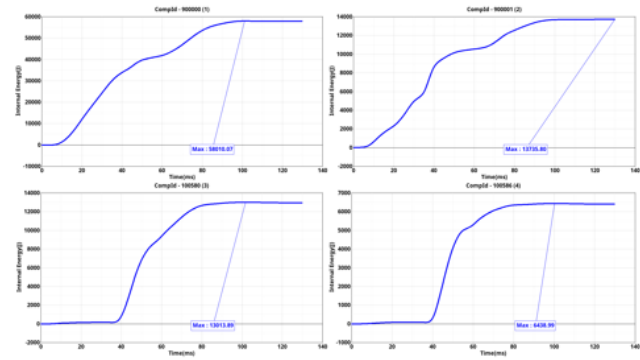
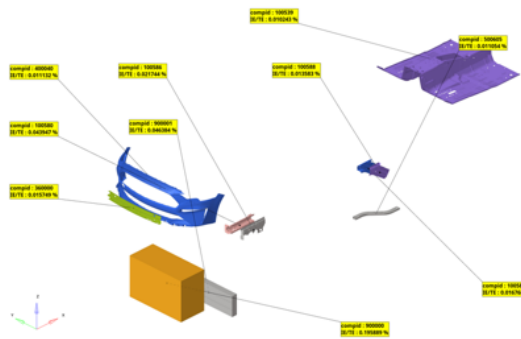
Vehicle Mass & Geometric Measurements

Vehicle Mass (kg)	1826.09 kg
Front Axle weight %	55.67%
Rear Axle weight %	44.33%



Material Internal Energy Summary

Material Internal Energy - Exploded View (Top 10)

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Seat Belt Anchorage Description

The Seat Belt Anchorage is part of the ECE R14 & FMVSS210 regulations. These are tests to ensure sufficient strength of all anchorage points. In these tests high forces are applied to the seatbelts over loading devices. All components of the system such as seats, seat & belt anchorages must resist the defined loads without damage. The loads are applied slowly and are sustained over a long period of time.

The module creates the following summary report from the selected simulation results data.

- A plot containing the applied loads on Thorax, Pelvis & COG mass
- An image of seat, seat belts & anchorages, shoulder & pelvis blocks and their angle of rotation
- An animation of the seat & the impactor parts along with the minimum distance measure between the H-point & Headrest point

< Seatbelt Anchorage Description >

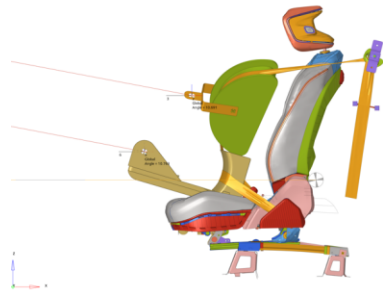
COG Z bar node selection: Node ①

	LCID		Element
Thorax	<input type="text" value="9001003"/>	curves <input type="button" value="I<"/>	<input type="text" value="9063629"/> Elements <input type="button" value="I<"/>
Pelvis	<input type="text" value="9001005"/>	curves <input type="button" value="I<"/>	<input type="text" value="9063628"/> Elements <input type="button" value="I<"/>
COG Bar	<input type="text" value="9001009"/>	curves <input type="button" value="I<"/>	
Seat Selection	<input type="text" value="80000000 80000021-800"/> Components <input type="button" value="I<"/> ③		
Impactor Selection	<input type="text" value="9001001-9001009 90010"/> Components <input type="button" value="I<"/> ③		
H-Point Selection	<input type="text" value="888065818"/>	Node <input type="button" value="I<"/>	
Headrest Selection	<input type="text" value="806501022"/>	Node <input type="button" value="I<"/> ④	

Inputs:

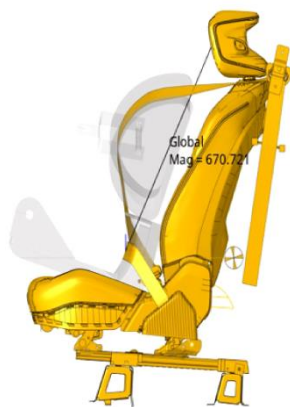
- 1) A node defining the center of gravity of the seat assy
- 2) Load curve IDs & the corresponding 1D bar/beam elements at the Thorax, Pelvis & COG bar defining the applied loads
- 3) Seat and the Impactor parts
- 4) H-point & Headrest point node locations

Outputs:



F Thorax	1500 >> 13500 >> 16200
F Pelvis	1500 >> 13500 >> 16200
F COG	500 >> 6867 >> 8240

Boundaries:
 1 Thorax Pull Rope End – constrain Y and Z translation
 2 Pelvis Pull Rope End – constrain Y and Z translation
 3 COG Pull Rope End – constrain Y and Z translation
 4 COG Rear Tube – constrain Y and Z translation



Static Headrest Displacement

This module is used to generate a report which is part of the Static Headrest Test. The GUI and the inputs required are as below. For each of the selected impactor-headrest location, the report consists of a curve representing distance b/w impactor and displaced reference plane and force vs displacement curve as shown below.

< Static Headrest Displacement >

Title	Measure Node A		Measure Node B		Head Sphere Force>	Curve Filter
Static Head	87002933	Node	87001307	Node	TRC	
Static Head	87005325	Node	87003699	Node	TRC	
Static Head	87202933	Node	87201307	Node	TRC	

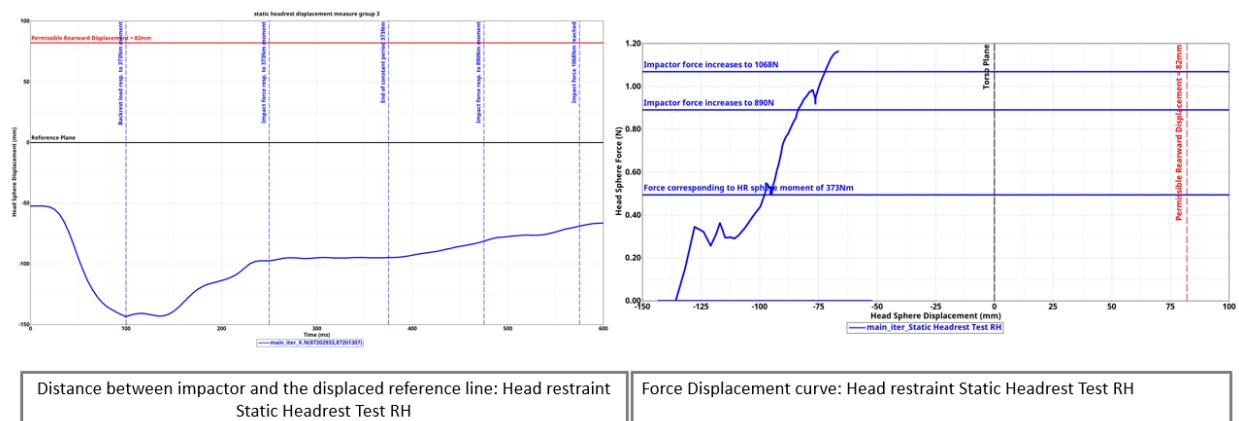
Inputs:

- Enter the Title which will be used for the slide title & curve names
- Select a Reference Plane node (node A) and an Impactor node (node B). These 2 nodes will be used to create a measure of type **Distance Between** (measured along X direction) and a curve will be created using the measure.
- Select Head Sphere Force request from the time history data.

Note:

The report includes separate slides for different impactor & headrest locations (Left / Center / Right). The user should select appropriate reference plane & impactor nodes and the respective TRC inputs for each of the impactor & headrest locations.

A standard report will be generated as shown below.



Static Headrest Summary

This module is used to generate a report for Static Headrest Test. The GUI and the inputs required are as below.

< Static Headrest Summary >

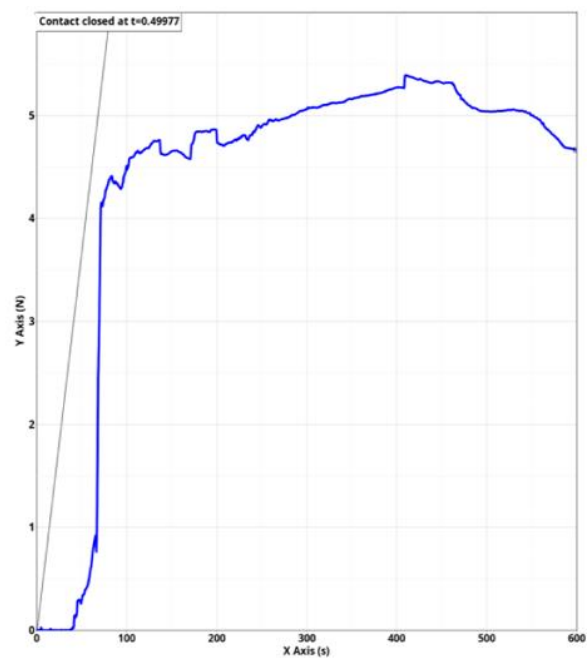
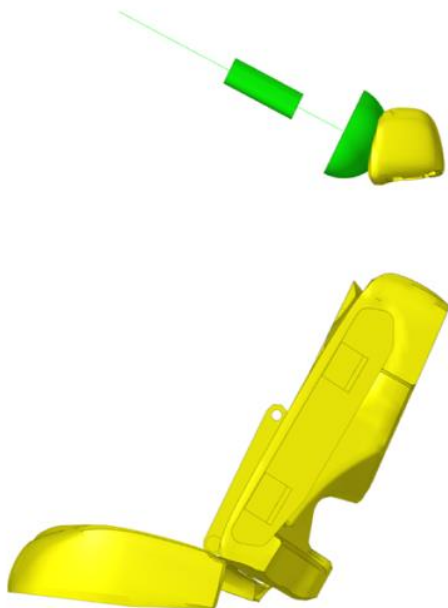
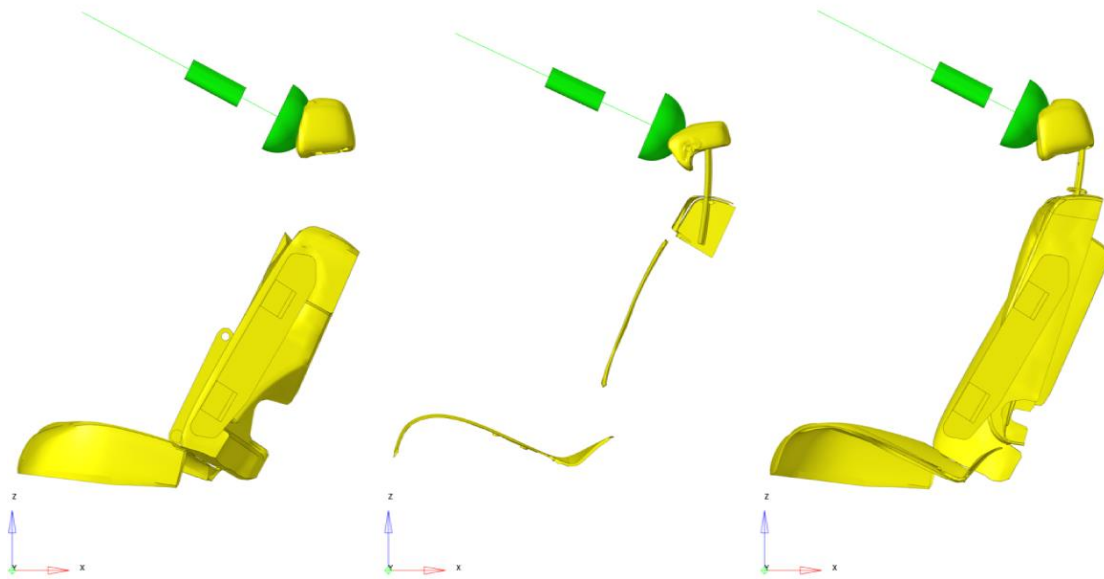
Title	Seat Part Selection	Impactor part Selection	View Set	Impactor Force Curve	Curve Filter
Left	8030002 95137 95138 9	187006 187007 187008	Left	TRC	
Center	95201 95203 95204 910	187023 187024 187025	Left	TRC	
Right	8030002 95407 95419 9	189006 189007 189008	Left	TRC	
FPS	100				

Inputs:

- Selection of Seat and Impactor parts (Components/Assemblies/Elements supported) to be included in the report.
- View set selection. The selected seat components (in step 1 above) will be oriented in the view set selected before capturing the animation.
- Impactor Force Curve Type, Request & Component selection from the time history data.
- FPS or Frames Per Second parameter is required for capturing the animation (avi file)

Note:

The report includes separate slides for different seat locations (Left / Center / Right). The user should select appropriate seat & impactor parts and the respective TRC inputs for each of the seat locations.



User Defined Output

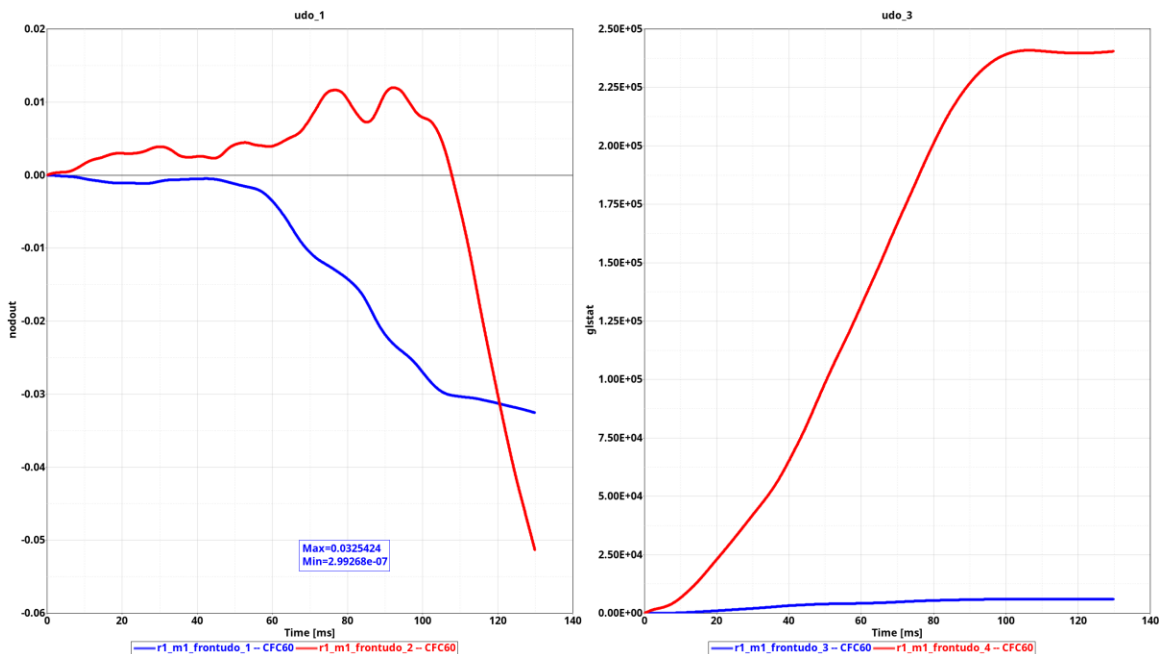
As the name suggests this module allows users to plot program specific Time History data. The plots are created based on user defined list of inputs as shown in the UI below.

Run	Module	Overlay	Configuration	#Title	Subcase	Y Type	Y Request	Y Component	Filter	Note	X Axis Scale	Y Axis Scale	Window
				udo_1	nodout	nodout	Local1_Rv_n_xpr 100	r_v_displacement	CFC60	Yes		1	1
				udo_2	nodout	nodout	Local1_Rv_n_xpr 100	r_v_displacement	CFC60	No		1	1
				udo_3	glstat	glstat		hourglass_energy	CFC60	No		1	1
				udo_4	glstat	glstat		internal_energy	CFC60	No		1	1
				udo_5	matsum	matsum	BR-Stopper_Inns 250	r_m_momentum	CFC60	Yes		1	1
				udo_6	matsum	matsum	JRUT-191873-A23BRE	r_m_momentum	CFC60	Yes		1	1
				udo_7	rbout	rbout	1895_1	r_discon_22	CFC60	Yes		1	1
				udo_8	rdforc	rdforc	VehicleOCB_BH50fs	r_y_force	CFC60	Yes		1	1
				udo_9	rdforc	rdforc	SteeringColumn2Suro	r_m_moment	CFC60	Yes		1	1
				udo_10	secdirc	secdirc	Tunnel1 188950	r_y_centered	CFC60	Yes		1	1

Inputs:

For each user defined plot, following set of inputs are required.

- Label to be used as plot header
- Subcase name, Y Type, Y Request & Y Component from the Time History file
- Filter class to be used
- Note with Min & Max value is required to be created
- X & Y axes scale factors if required to be used
- Window number to be used when plotting the curves
- Y axis unit to be used for plotting the Y vector



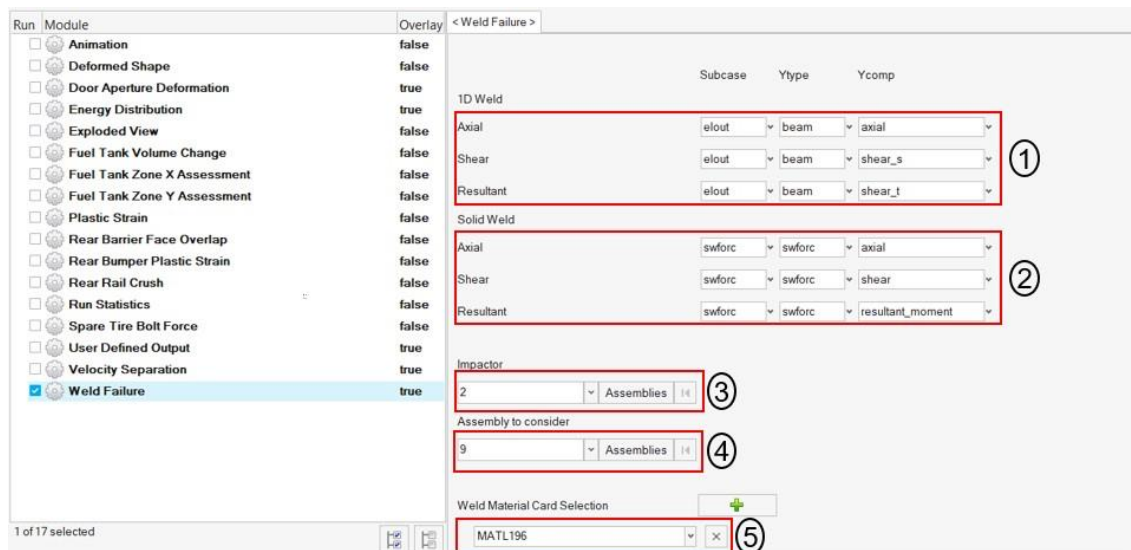
Weld Failure

This module generates a detailed report of all the welds ruptured based on the user selected weld material. Following weld types are supported.

- 1D beam spot welds
- Single hexa spot welds
- Hexa nuggets (cluster of hexa elements)
- Hexa adhesives

The detailed PPT report generated can be categorized into following different sections.

- First two slides give you the global viewpoint. It contains the complete view of the vehicle with all the ruptured welds color coded as per the failure time contour & another slide showing the cumulative graph of the ruptured welds across the simulation time steps.
- The subsequent slides capture the detailed report for each of the ruptured weld for each of the weld type found in the model.
- For 1D beam spot weld & single hexa spot weld types, the report contains an isolated view of the weld & its linked components & a graphs showing the axial, shear & resultant plots across the time steps.
- For hexa nuggets & hexa adhesive weld types, the report contains detailed view of the weld containing the linked components.



Run	Module	Overlay
<input type="checkbox"/>	Animation	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Deformed Shape	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Door Aperture Deformation	true
<input type="checkbox"/>	Energy Distribution	true
<input type="checkbox"/>	Exploded View	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fuel Tank Volume Change	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fuel Tank Zone X Assessment	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fuel Tank Zone Y Assessment	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Plastic Strain	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rear Barrier Face Overlap	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rear Bumper Plastic Strain	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rear Rail Crush	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Run Statistics	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	Spare Tire Bolt Force	false
<input type="checkbox"/>	User Defined Output	true
<input type="checkbox"/>	Velocity Separation	true
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Weld Failure	true

1 of 17 selected

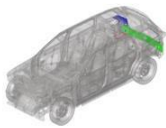
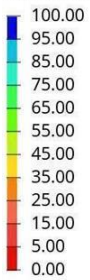
Weld Failure >

	Subcase	Ytype	Ycomp
1D Weld			
Axial	elout	beam	axial
Shear	elout	beam	shear_s
Resultant	elout	beam	shear_t
Solid Weld			
Axial	swforc	swforc	axial
Shear	swforc	swforc	shear
Resultant	swforc	swforc	resultant_moment
Impactor			
2	Assemblies		
Assembly to consider			
9	Assemblies		
Weld Material Card Selection			
MATL196			



Hexa nuggets report:

Contour Plot
FailureTime(Value)

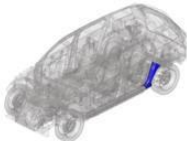
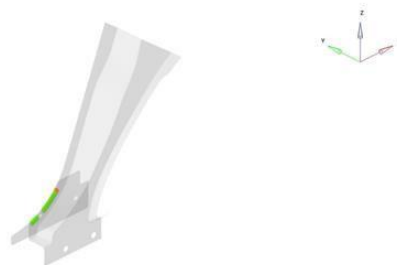
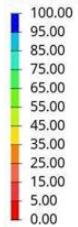


R2FB-S11146-A EXT FLR PAN SD RR 0.8mm	
R2HB-S27944-A 10 REINF RR LP OPG LWR 0.8mm	
R2HB-S40492-A 22 PNL LWR BK S 0.7mm	

Hexa adhesives report:

Hexa Adhesive Failure Detail View

Contour Plot
FailureTime(Value)

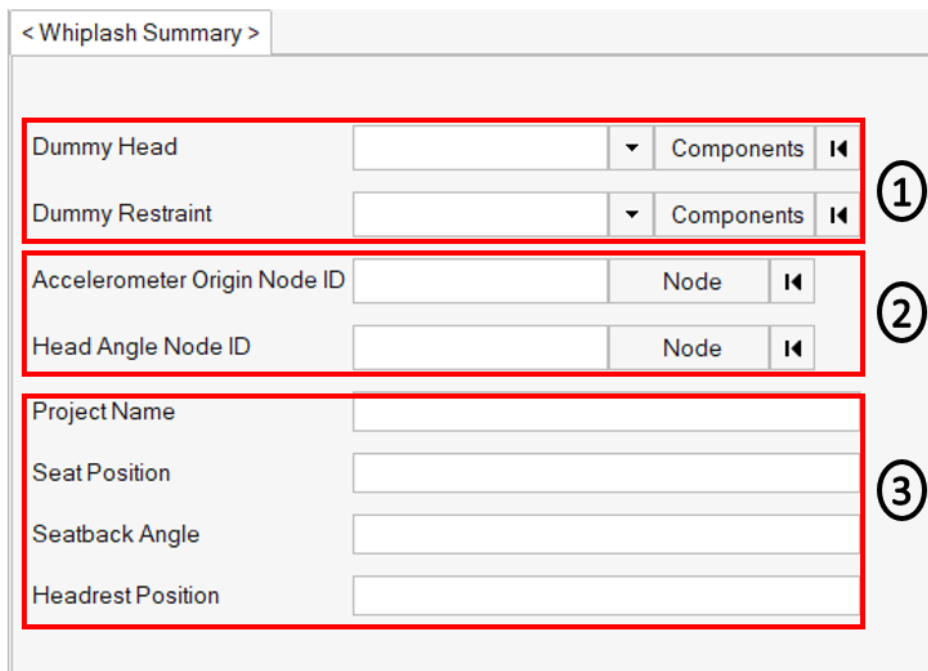


1|R2FB-S29299-A|13|BRKT QTR PNL TO WHL/HS|0.65mm
2|FNA7537534|1|XXXX-X279A33-A (SUPT BDY SD PNL TO WHL/HS LH)|0.95mm

Whiplash Summary

This module generates a specific report (as per customer requirement) and includes following information (slides)

- 1) A Title slide.
- 2) A result description summary slide that includes info such as author, customer, project, part / component info, test / load case info, result rating etc.
- 3) A pulse slide capturing the pulse curve, a static image of the seat & dummy positioned on it and a summary table with info such as H-point, head angle, pelvis angle & backset distance.
- 4) A backset distance slide capturing the cut section of head & head restraint and the backset distance.



< Whiplash Summary >

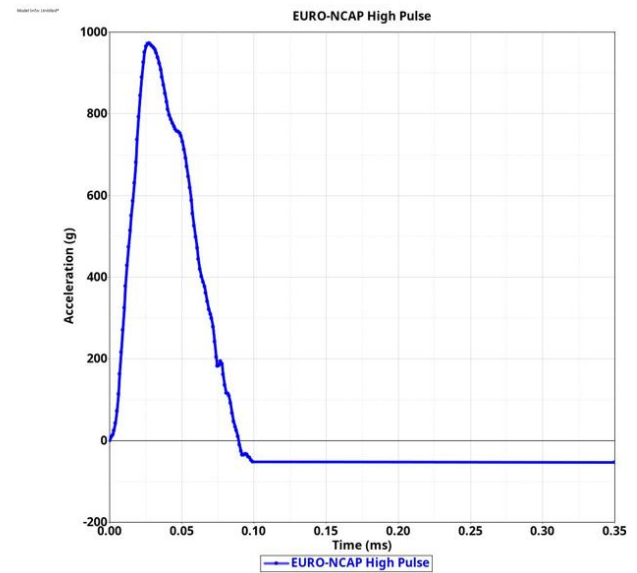
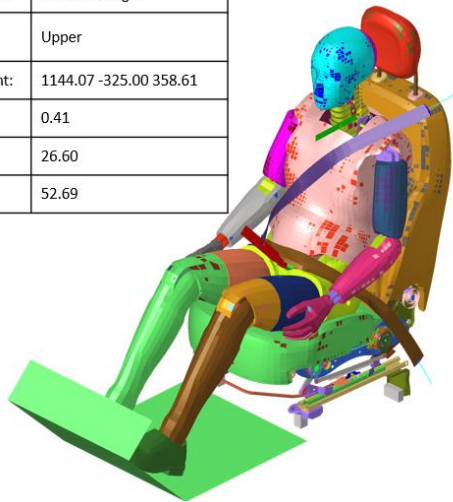
Dummy Head	<input type="text"/>	▼	Components	⏪	①
Dummy Restraint	<input type="text"/>	▼	Components	⏪	
Accelerometer Origin Node ID	<input type="text"/>		Node	⏪	②
Head Angle Node ID	<input type="text"/>		Node	⏪	
Project Name	<input type="text"/>				③
Seat Position	<input type="text"/>				
Seatback Angle	<input type="text"/>				
Headrest Position	<input type="text"/>				

Inputs:

- 1) Dummy head & head restraint component IDs
- 2) Accelerometer node ID and Head angle node ID. These 2 nodes will be used to calculate the head angle.
- 3) User inputs for project name, customer name, seat position etc.

Outputs:

Seat Position:	FWD
Seatback Angle:	Seatback Angle
Headrest Position:	Upper
Dummy H-Point:	1144.07 -325.00 358.61
Head Angle:	0.41
Pelvis Angle:	26.60
Backset:	52.69



Backset Distance

Model Info: Untitled*

